

2025

FREEDOM (HMO-POS)

EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE

1-866-535-8343 (TTY: 711)
KelseyCareAdvantage.com

January 1 – December 31, 2025

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS)

This document gives you the details about your Medicare health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2025. **This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.**

For questions about this document, please contact Member Services at 713-442-CARE (2273) or toll-free at 1-866-535-8343 for additional information. (TTY users should call 711.) Hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used on weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays. This call is free.

This plan, KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS), is offered by KelseyCare Advantage. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says “we,” “us,” or “our,” it means KelseyCare Advantage. When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS).)

This document is available for free in Spanish. This information is available in braille, large print or other alternate formats.

Benefits, premiums, deductibles, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2026.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your plan premium and cost sharing;
- Your medical and prescription drug benefits;
- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
- How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.

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CHAPTER 1:

Getting started as a member

Chapter 1 Getting started as a member

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 You are enrolled in KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS), which is a Medicare HMO Point-of-Service Plan

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS). We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare.

KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) is a Medicare Advantage HMO Plan (HMO stands for Health Maintenance Organization) with a Point-of-Service (POS) option approved by Medicare and run by a private company. Point-of-Service means you can use providers outside the plan's network for an additional cost. (See Chapter 3, Section 2. for information about using the Point-of-Service option.)

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal

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Revenue Service (IRS) website at:
www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families
for more information.

Section 1.2 What is the *Evidence of Coverage* document about?

This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your medical care and prescription drugs. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words *coverage* and *covered services* refer to the medical care and services and the prescription drugs available to you as a member of KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS).

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* document.

If you are confused, concerned, or just have a question, please contact Member Services.

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Section 1.3 Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage*

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders* or *amendments*.

The contract is in effect for the months in which you are enrolled in KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) between January 1, 2025 and December 31, 2025.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) after December 31, 2025. We can also choose to stop offering the plan in your service area, after December 31, 2025.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) each year. You can continue each year to get

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Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

<h4>Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements</h4>

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B
- -- *and* -- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.2 below describes our service area).
Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- -- *and* -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States

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Section 2.2 Here is the plan service area for KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO- POS)

KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in Texas: Austin, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Grimes, Harris, Liberty, Montgomery, San Jacinto, Walker, Waller, and Wharton. Our service area includes these parts of counties in Texas: Galveston, the following zip codes only: 77510, 77511, 77517, 77518, 77539, 77546, 77549, 77563, 77565, 77568, 77573, 77574, 77590, 77591, 77592.

If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan. Please contact Member Services to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

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It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Section 2.3 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive

Section 3.1 Your plan membership card

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card whenever you get services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:

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KelseyCare Advantage

JOHN Q SAMPLE

ID Number: KCA000XXXXX

Issuer: (80840) 92101567898

Policy #: H0332

PCP Network: KelseyCare Advantage Network

PCP: \$X, Specialist: \$XX

ER: \$XXX, Urgent Care: \$XX

MOOP: \$XXXX

Deductible: \$X

Plan Name (HMO-POS)

Rx Bin: 610011

RxPCN: CTRXMEDD

RxGroup: KCAMEDD

MedicareRx
Prescription Drug Coverage

H0332_<XXX>

Member Services (TTY: 711)	XXX-XXX-XXXX
24/7 Nurse Hotline	XXX-XXX-XXXX
Prescription Drug (Optum Rx)	XXX-XXX-XXXX
UBH Mental Health	XXX-XXX-XXXX
Spectera/UHC Vision	XXX-XXX-XXXX
UM/Medical/Authorization	XXX-XXX-XXXX
Dental Benefit Providers/UHC Dental	XXX-XXX-XXXX

Send Medical Claims to:

PO BOX 31031, Tampa, FL 33631; EDI: KELSE (prof); KELSI (institutional)

Send Mental Health & Substance Abuse Claims to:

UBH - PO Box 30757, Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0757

Send Dental Claims to:

PO BOX 30567, Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0567

www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com

Dental Benefit Providers, Inc. network access in your market may also be provided by:
CONNECTION Dental, MaximumCare, or Diversified (NV).

Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare approved clinical research studies also called clinical trials.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services right away and we will send you a new card.

Section 3.2 Provider Directory

The *Provider Directory* lists our current network providers. **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care

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professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization you will have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (that is, in situations when it is unreasonable or not possible to obtain services in network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

This plan has a Point-of-Service (POS) benefit that covers certain medically necessary services you get from non-plan providers. POS benefits do not apply to emergency room visits, emergency hospital admissions, urgent care or dialysis provided while you are temporarily outside of the service area that are covered at network cost sharing. When you use the POS benefit, you are responsible for more of the cost of care. The POS benefits for covered services have a coinsurance or copayment. A coinsurance is a percentage of the allowed payment amount, usually Medicare allowable. Your out-of-pocket costs when using

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your POS benefits will be higher than when you use your network benefits.

You may choose to see any willing Medicare physician for covered medical services. Some Medicare physicians may not be willing to see you or bill our plan for medical services.

You can use your POS benefit to see out-of-network physicians without obtaining a referral.

Some services require a prior authorization to determine medical necessity.

Care ordered by a physician that you are seeing under your POS benefits, even when provided at a network facility, will be covered under your POS benefits and higher coinsurance or copayments will apply.

Coinsurance and copayments you pay when using your POS benefits for covered services count toward your \$10,000 out-of-network out-of-pocket maximum. For services that require prior authorization, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

The most recent list of providers and suppliers is available on our website at www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com.

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If you don't have your copy of the *Provider Directory*, you can request a copy (electronically or in hardcopy form) from Member Services. Requests for hard copy *Provider Directories* will be mailed to you within three business days.

Section 3.3 Pharmacy Directory

The *Pharmacy Directory* www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com lists our network pharmacies. **Network pharmacies** are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members. You can use the *Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use. See Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information on when you can use pharmacies that are not in the plan's network.

The *Pharmacy Directory* will also tell you which of the pharmacies in our network have preferred cost sharing, which may be lower than the standard cost sharing offered by other network pharmacies for some drugs.

If you don't have the *Pharmacy Directory*, you can get a copy from Member Services. You can also find this information on our website at www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com.

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Section 3.4 The plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. We call it the Drug List for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS). The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) Drug List.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

We will provide you a copy of the Drug List. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan's website (www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com) or call Member Services.

SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS)

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)

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- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)
- Part D Late Enrollment Penalty (Section 4.3)
- Income Related Monthly Adjusted Amount (Section 4.4)
- Medicare Prescription Payment Plan Amount (Section 4.5)

Section 4.1 Plan premium

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS).

Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

You must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan. This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A which affects members who aren't eligible for premium-free Part A.

Section 4.3 Part D Late Enrollment Penalty

Some members are required to pay a Part D **late enrollment penalty**. The Part D late enrollment penalty is

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an additional premium that must be paid for Part D coverage if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there is a period of 63 days or more in a row when you did not have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. Creditable prescription drug coverage is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. You will have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

When you first enroll in KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS), we let you know the amount of the penalty. If you do not pay your Part D late enrollment penalty, you could lose your prescription drug benefits.

You **will not** have to pay it if:

- You receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs.
- You have gone less than 63 days in a row without creditable coverage.

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- You have had creditable drug coverage through another source such as a former employer, union, TRICARE, or Veterans Health Administration (VA). Your insurer or your human resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is creditable coverage. This information may be sent to you in a letter or included in a newsletter from the plan. Keep this information because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.
- **Note:** Any notice must state that you had creditable prescription drug coverage that is expected to pay as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug plan pays.
- **Note:** The following are *not* creditable prescription drug coverage: prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites.

Medicare determines the amount of the penalty. Here is how it works:

- If you went 63 days or more without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage after you were first eligible to enroll in Part D, the plan will count the number of full months that you did not have coverage. The penalty is 1% for every month that you did not

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have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty will be 14%.

- Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year. For 2025, this average premium amount is \$36.78
- To calculate your monthly penalty, you multiply the penalty percentage and the average monthly premium and then round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here, it would be 14% times \$36.78, which equals \$5.149. This rounds to \$5.20. This amount would be added **to the monthly premium for someone with a Part D late enrollment penalty.**
- There are three important things to note about this monthly Part D late enrollment penalty:
 - First, **the penalty may change each year** because the average monthly premium can change each year.
 - Second, **you will continue to pay a penalty** every month for as long as you are enrolled in a plan that has Medicare Part D drug benefits, even if you change plans.
 - Third, if you are under 65 and currently receiving Medicare benefits, the Part D late enrollment penalty

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will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your Part D late enrollment penalty will be based only on the months that you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

If you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review. Generally, you must request this review **within 60 days** from the date on the first letter you receive stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. However, if you were paying a penalty before joining our plan, you may not have another chance to request a review of that late enrollment penalty.

Important: Do not stop paying your Part D late enrollment penalty while you're waiting for a review of the decision about your late enrollment penalty. If you do, you could be disenrolled for failure to pay your plan premiums.

Section 4.4 Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount

Some members may be required to pay an extra charge, known as the Part D Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. The extra charge is figured out using your modified adjusted gross income as

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reported on your IRS tax return from two years ago. If this amount is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and the additional IRMAA. For more information on the extra amount you may have to pay based on your income, visit

<https://www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/costs-for-medicare-drug-coverage/monthly-premium-for-drug-plans>.

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay your plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn't enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn't enough to cover the extra amount, you will get a bill from Medicare. **You must pay the extra amount to the government. It cannot be paid with your monthly plan premium. If you do not pay the extra amount, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.**

If you disagree about paying an extra amount, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out more

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about how to do this, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Section 4.5 Medicare Prescription Payment Plan Amount

If you're participating in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan, each month you'll pay your plan premium (if you have one) and you'll get a bill from your health or drug plan for your prescription drugs (instead of paying the pharmacy). Your monthly bill is based on what you owe for any prescriptions you get, plus your previous month's balance, divided by the number of months left in the year.

Chapter 2, Section 7 tells more about the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan. If you disagree with the amount billed as part of this payment option, you can follow the steps in Chapter 9 to make a complaint or appeal.

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SECTION 5 More information about your monthly premium

Section 5.1 If you pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, there are several ways you can pay your penalty

There are 3 ways you can pay the penalty.

Option 1: Paying by check

You may decide to pay your late enrollment penalty directly to our plan by check. If you choose to pay your penalty by check, you will receive a monthly statement. You can also make a payment in person at 11511 Shadow Creek Parkway, Pearland, TX 77584. Payments can be made by check or money order when paying in person. If paying by check, please make the check payable to KelseyCare Advantage and not CMS or HHS. There is a \$25 charge each time a check is rejected for insufficient funds. Your payment should be received by the end of the month billed.

Option 2: Paying by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT)

Instead of paying by check, you can have your Part D late enrollment penalty automatically withdrawn from your

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bank account. Your Part D late enrollment penalty will be automatically withdrawn from your bank account on or around the tenth of the month and sent to the plan. To set up your payment to be automatically withdrawn from your bank account, you will need to complete an Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT) Authorization Form. Call KelseyCare Advantage Freedom Member Services for a copy of the form.

Option 3: Having your Part D late enrollment penalty taken out of your monthly Social Security check

Changing the way you pay your Part D late enrollment penalty. If you decide to change the option by which you pay your Part D late enrollment penalty, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your Part D late enrollment penalty is paid on time. To change your payment method, contact Member Services for more information on how to change the way you pay your plan premium.

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What to do if you are having trouble paying your Part D late enrollment penalty

Your Part D late enrollment penalty is due in our office by the end of the month billed. If you are required to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.

If you are having trouble paying your Part D late enrollment penalty, if owed, on time, please contact Member Services to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your costs.

If you go without creditable drug coverage for more than 63 days, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

If you have an emergency circumstance that is out of your control and it will or has caused you to not be able to pay your Part D late enrollment penalty, if owed, within our grace period, you can call to make a payment arrangement. You can call us at 713-442-CARE (2273) or toll-free at 1-866-535-8343 between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. local

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time. (Messaging service used on weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays). TTY users should call 711.

Section 5.2 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?

No. We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

However, in some cases, you may be able to stop paying a late enrollment penalty, if owed, or need to start paying a late enrollment penalty. This could happen if you become eligible for the "Extra Help" program or if you lose your eligibility for the "Extra Help" program during the year.

- If you currently pay the Part D late enrollment penalty and become eligible for "Extra Help" during the year, you would be able to stop paying your penalty.
- If you lose "Extra Help," you may be subject to the late enrollment penalty if you go 63 days or more in a row without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage.

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You can find out more about the “Extra Help” program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

SECTION 6 Keeping your plan membership record up to date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in the plan’s network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you.** Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

Let us know about these changes:

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner’s employer, workers’ compensation, or Medicaid)

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- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study (**Note:** You are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so.)

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Member Services.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Chapter 1 Getting started as a member

SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan

Other insurance

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Member Services. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the primary payer and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that

Chapter 1 Getting started as a member

pays second, called the secondary payer, only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
 - If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
 - If you're over 65 and you or your spouse or domestic partner is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at

Chapter 1 Getting started as a member

least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.

- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

CHAPTER 2:
*Important phone numbers
and resources*

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

**SECTION 1 KelseyCare Advantage Freedom
(HMO-POS) contacts**

(how to contact us, including how to
reach Member Services)

How to contact our plan's Member Services

For assistance with claims, billing, or member card questions, please call or write to KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) Member Services. We will be happy to help you.

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
CALL	<p>713-442-CARE (2273) or toll-free at 1-866-535-8343</p> <p>Calls to these numbers are free. Hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used on weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.</p> <p>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p>
TTY	<p>711</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. Hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used on weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.</p>

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
FAX	713-442-5450
WRITE	KelseyCare Advantage ATTN: Member Services P.O. Box 841569 Pearland, TX 77584-9832 memberservices@kelseycareadvantage.com
WEBSITE	www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services or Part D prescription drugs. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on asking for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Coverage Decisions and Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	<p>713-442-CARE (2273) or toll-free at 1-866-535-8343</p> <p>Calls to these numbers are free. Hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used on weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.</p>
TTY	<p>711</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. Hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used on weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.</p>
FAX	<p>713-442-5450</p>

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Coverage Decisions and Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
WRITE	KelseyCare Advantage ATTN: Member Services P.O. Box 841569 Pearland, TX 77584- 9832
WEBSITE	www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Coverage Decisions and Appeals for Part D prescription drugs – Contact Information	
CALL	1-800-707-8194 Calls to this number are free. This number is available 24-hours a day, 7 days a week.	
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. This number is available 24-hours a day, 7 days a week.	
FAX	1-844-403-1028 (coverage decisions) 1-877-239-4565 (appeals)	
WRITE	Prior Authorization P.O. Box 2975 Mission, KS 66201	PA Appeals c/o Appeals Coordinator P.O. Box 2975 Mission, KS 66201
WEBSITE	www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com	

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Complaints About Medical Care or Part D prescription drugs – Contact Information
CALL	<p>713-442-CARE (2273) or toll-free at 1-866-535-8343</p> <p>Calls to these numbers are free. Hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used on weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.</p> <p>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p>

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Complaints About Medical Care or Part D prescription drugs – Contact Information
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used on weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.
FAX	713-442-9536
WRITE	KelseyCare Advantage ATTN: Member Services P.O. Box 841569 Pearland, TX 77584-9832

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Complaints About Medical Care or Part D prescription drugs – Contact Information
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx .

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received

If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. See Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a*

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) for more information.

Method	Medical Payment Requests – Contact Information
CALL	<p>713-442-CARE (2273) or toll-free at 1-866-535-8343</p> <p>Calls to these numbers are free. Hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used on weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.</p> <p>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p>

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Medical Payment Requests – Contact Information
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used on weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.
FAX	713-442-5450
WRITE	KelseyCare Advantage ATTN: Member Services P.O. Box 841569 Pearland, TX 77584-9832
WEBSITE	www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Part D Prescription Drug Payment Requests – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-707-8194 Calls to this number are free. This number is available 24-hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. This number is available 24-hours a day, 7 days a week
WRITE	Optum Rx Claims Department P.O. Box 650287 Dallas, TX 75265-0287
WEBSITE	www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com

SECTION 2 Medicare

(how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227 Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.

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Method	Medicare – Contact Information
WEBSITE	<p>www.medicare.gov</p> <p>This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.</p> <p>The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information.<li>• Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement).

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
	<p>Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an <i>estimate</i> of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans</p> <p>You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><p>• Tell Medicare about your complaint:</p><p>You can submit a complaint about KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.</p> <p>If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or</p>

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
	you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)

SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program

(free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In Texas, the SHIP is called Health Information, Counseling, and Advocacy Program (HICAP) (Texas' SHIP).

Health Information, Counseling, and Advocacy Program (HICAP) (Texas' SHIP) is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Health Information, Counseling, and Advocacy Program (HICAP) (Texas' SHIP) counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills.

Health Information, Counseling, and Advocacy Program (HICAP) (Texas' SHIP) counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES:

- Visit <https://www.shiphelp.org> (Click on SHIP LOCATOR in middle of page)
- Select your **STATE** from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

Method	Health Information, Counseling, and Advocacy Program (HICAP) (Texas' SHIP) – Contact Information
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CALL	1-800-252-9240
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Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Health Information, Counseling, and Advocacy Program (HICAP) (Texas' SHIP) – Contact Information
TTY	1-800-735-2989 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	Texas Department of Aging and Disability Services 701 West 51st Street, MC: W275 Austin, TX 78751
WEBSITE	https://hhs.texas.gov/services/health/medicare

SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For Texas, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Acentra Health.

Acentra Health has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Medicare. Acentra Health is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact Acentra Health in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

Method	Acentra Health – Contact Information
CALL	1-888-315-0636 Weekdays: 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Weekends and Holidays: 10:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free.

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Acentra Health – Contact Information
WRITE	Acentra Health 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609
WEBSITE	https://www.acentraqio.com/

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security– Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security’s automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
TTY	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

SECTION 6 Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. The programs offered through Medicaid help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These **Medicare Savings Programs** include:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- **Qualifying Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.
- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums.

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact Texas Health and Human Services Commission.

Method	Texas Health and Human Services Commission (Texas' Medicaid program) – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-252-8263 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
TTY	1-800-735-2989 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	Texas Health and Human Services Brown-Heatly Building 4900 N. Lamar Blvd Austin, TX 78751-2316
WEBSITE	https://hhs.texas.gov/services/health/medicaid-chip

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SECTION 7 Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs

The Medicare.gov website

(<https://www.medicare.gov/basics/costs/help/drug-costs>)

provides information on how to lower your prescription drug costs. For people with limited incomes, there are also other programs to assist, described below.

Medicare's "Extra Help" Program

Medicare provides "Extra Help" to pay prescription drug costs for people who have limited income and resources. Resources include your savings and stocks, but not your home or car. If you qualify, you get help paying for any Medicare drug plan's monthly premium, yearly deductible, and prescription copayments. This "Extra Help" also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

If you automatically qualify for "Extra Help" Medicare will mail you a letter. You will not have to apply. If you do not automatically qualify you may be able to get "Extra Help" to pay for your prescription drug premiums and costs. To see if you qualify for getting "Extra Help," call:

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- 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048, 24 hours a day/7days a week;
- The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 8 am and 7 pm, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778; or
- Your State Medicaid Office (See Section 6 of this chapter for contact information)

If you believe you have qualified for "Extra Help" and you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has a process for your to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

- The plan will accept Best Available Evidence of "Extra Help" at the pharmacy or through the Member Services department. You will have to present paperwork showing either Medicaid eligibility, such as a Medicaid card or other state paperwork showing Medicaid eligibility or a letter or paperwork from Social Security showing you have been qualified for "Extra Help". If you have the needed paperwork, your drug copayments will be adjusted at the point of sale.

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Member Services will need copies of your paperwork to make a permanent adjustment to the copayment levels.

- When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. If you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in the amount of your overpayment, or we will offset future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make the payment directly to the state. Please contact Member Services if you have any questions.

What if you have Extra Help and coverage from a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP)?

Many states and the U.S. Virgin Islands offer help paying for prescriptions, drug plan premiums and/or other drug costs. If you are enrolled in a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP), Medicare's Extra Help pays first.

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

What if you have “Extra Help” and coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also on the ADAP formulary qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance through the Texas HIV Medication Program (THMP).

Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status. If you change plans, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker so you can continue to receive assistance. For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call 1-800-255-1090.

State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs

Many states have State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs that help some people pay for prescription drugs based on financial need, age, medical condition, or disabilities. Each state has different rules to provide drug coverage to its members.

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In Texas, the State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program is Texas Kidney Health Care Program (KHC).

Method	Texas Kidney Health Care Program (KHC) – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-222-3986 Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
TTY	711
WRITE	Kidney Health Care P.O. Box 149030, MC 1938 Austin, TX 78714-9947
WEBSITE	https://hhs.texas.gov/services/health/kidney-health-care

The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan

The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan is a new payment option that works with your current drug coverage, and it can help you manage your drug costs by spreading them across **monthly payments that vary throughout the year** (January – December). **This payment option might help you manage your expenses, but it doesn't save you money or lower your drug costs.** “Extra Help” from Medicare and help

Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

from your SPAP and ADAP, for those who qualify, is more advantageous than participation in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan. All members are eligible to participate in this payment option, regardless of income level, and all Medicare drug plans and Medicare health plans with drug coverage must offer this payment option. Contact us or visit Medicare.gov to find out if this payment option is right for you.

Method	The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan – Contact Information
CALL	800-707-8194 Calls to this number are free. This number is available 24-hours a day, 7 days a week. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. This number is available 24-hours a day, 7 days a week.

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Method	The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan – Contact Information
WRITE	Optum Rx Attn: Member Services 6868 W 115th St Overland Park, KS 66211
WEBSITE	www.Optumrx.com

SECTION 8 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

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Method	Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information
CALL	<p>1-877-772-5772</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>If you press “0,” you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday.</p> <p>If you press “1,” you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.</p>
TTY	<p>1-312-751-4701</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.</p>
WEBSITE	<p>rrb.gov/</p>

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SECTION 9 Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Member Services if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period.

(Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this document.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

CHAPTER 3:
*Using the plan
for your medical services*

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, prescription drugs, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

Section 1.1 What are network providers and covered services?

- **Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term providers also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.

- **Covered services** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, equipment, and Prescription Drugs that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4. Your covered services for prescription drugs are discussed in Chapter 5.

Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

As a Medicare health plan, KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart** (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).
- **The care you receive is considered medically necessary.** Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- **You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.** As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.1 in this chapter).
- In most situations, our plan must give you approval in advance before you can use other providers in the plan's network, such as specialists, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, or home health care agencies. This is called giving you a referral. For more information about this, see Section 2. of this chapter.
- Referrals from your PCP are not required for emergency care or urgently needed services.

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

- **You must receive your care from a network provider** (for more information about this, see Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished. *Here are three exceptions:*
- The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.
- If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover but there are no specialists in our network that provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider at the same cost sharing you normally pay in-network. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.3 in this chapter.
- The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area or when

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The cost sharing you pay the plan for dialysis can never exceed the cost sharing in Original Medicare. If you are outside the plan's service area and obtain the dialysis from a provider that is outside the plan's network, your cost sharing cannot exceed the cost sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual in-network provider for dialysis is temporarily unavailable and you choose to obtain services inside the service area from a provider outside the plan's network the cost sharing for the dialysis may be higher.

SECTION 2 Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care

<p>Section 2.1 You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care</p>
--

What is a PCP and what does the PCP do for you?

- **What is a PCP?** A PCP is a physician in the network who will provide you with most of your routine health care needs and help you coordinate your other medical needs.

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

- **What types of providers may act as a PCP?**
Usually, Family Medicine and Internal Medicine physicians in the network will act as a PCP. Occasionally, another specialist will agree to act as your PCP, if they are managing all of your care.
- **What is the role of a PCP in KelseyCare Advantage?** Your PCP will provide care for your routine health care needs and assist in coordinating your care. Your PCP will arrange preventive health care screenings, order laboratory tests and other diagnostic tests. Your PCP will coordinate your clinical care with specialists.
- **What is the role of the PCP in coordinating covered services?** Your PCP will help you coordinate your health care needs. Coordinating your care includes consulting with our plan providers about your care and monitoring any treatment you are receiving. Your PCP may also help arrange any other covered services or supplies you may need such as home health care or medical equipment. Specialists may also help you arrange other services.

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- **What is the role of the PCP in making decisions about or obtaining prior authorization, if applicable?** In some cases, your PCP or other provider may need to get approval in advance from our Utilization Management Department for certain types of services or tests (this is called getting “prior authorization”). Services and items requiring prior authorization are listed in Chapter 4.

How do you choose your PCP?

You must choose your PCP by looking at the list of Family Medicine or Internal Medicine physicians listed in the plan’s Provider Directory and calling the provider’s main number to make an appointment. Some PCPs will only see you if you are an existing patient and have seen them in the past.

Primary Care Physician services must be provided by an in-network Family Medicine or Internal Medicine provider, unless you choose to use your POS Benefits to see an out-of-network provider.

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

Changing your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP. If you wish to change your PCP, call and schedule your next appointment with your new PCP. Each plan PCP may make referrals to certain plan specialists and uses certain hospitals within our network. This means that the plan PCP you choose may determine the specialists and hospitals you may use.

Section 2.2 How to get care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

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What is the role of the PCP in referring members to specialists and other providers?

For some types of referrals, your PCP may need to get approval in advance from our plan (this is called getting Prior Authorization). When required, it is very important to get a referral (prior authorization / approval in advance) from your PCP before you see a plan specialist or certain other providers (there are a few exceptions, including routine women's healthcare that we explained earlier in this Section). If you don't have a referral (prior authorization / approval in advance) before you get services from a specialist, you may have to pay for these services yourself.

If the specialist wants you to come back for more care, check first to be sure that the prior authorization you got from your PCP for the first visit covers more visits to the specialist.

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Your PCP may refer you to any network specialist. If there is a specific plan provider you want to see, you may request a referral from your PCP. Before performing certain types of services, your PCP or specialist may need to get approval in advance from the plan (prior authorization). If granted, the prior authorization will allow you to receive a specific service (or a specific number of services). Once you have received the authorized number of services, your PCP or specialist will need to get additional approval from the plan for you to continue receiving specialized treatment. See the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 Section 2.1 to learn which services may require prior authorization, and always ask your provider to confirm with the plan if you are unsure.

What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

It is important that you know that we may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you

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with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.

- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
- If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.
- If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified in-network provider that you may access for continued care.
- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are receiving continues.
- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing plans.

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

- We will arrange for any medically necessary covered benefit outside of our provider network, but at in-network cost sharing, when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality-of-care complaint to the QIO, a quality-of-care grievance to the plan, or both. Please see Chapter 9.

Section 2.3 How to get care from out-of-network providers

You may use your point-of-service (POS) benefits to get care from any willing Medicare provider without obtaining a referral for physician office services. Some Medicare providers may not be willing to see you or bill our plan for your care. We pay out-of-network providers you use the Medicare rate for the services they provide. Prior authorization is not needed for office visit and you can

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

make the appointment with a physician of your choice. A prior authorization may be required to determine if the service meets medical necessity. Care ordered by a physician who you are seeing under your POS benefits, even when provided at a network facility will all be covered under your POS benefits and higher coinsurance or copayments will apply. Coinsurance and copayments you pay when using your POS benefits for covered services count toward your \$10,000 out-of-network out-of-pocket maximum. Medicare-covered Part A and B services are covered under your POS benefit. Services provided must be covered by Medicare guidelines. See the benefit chart in Chapter 4 for more information about POS benefits.

SECTION 3 How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

<h4>Section 3.1 Getting care if you have a medical emergency</h4>
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What is a medical emergency and what should you do if you have one?

A **medical emergency** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent your loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You do not need to use a network doctor. You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories, as well as worldwide emergency care coverage, and from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they are not part of our network.
- **As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency.** We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Call us at 713-442-CARE (2273) or toll-free at 1-866-535-8343 (TTY 711) from

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used on weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays.

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable, and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, we will cover additional care *only* if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

- You go to a network provider to get the additional care.
- – *or* – The additional care you get is considered urgently needed services and you follow the rules for getting this urgent care (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

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Section 3.2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

What are urgently needed services?

A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that is not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contracts.

Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.

To obtain information on the urgent care centers in the plan's network, refer to the Provider Directory located at www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com or contact Member Services. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this document.) If you have questions about urgent care services after hours, you can call Kelsey-Seybold Clinic's 24-hour contact center at

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713-442-0000 to speak with a registered nurse or have a doctor paged. The plan provides worldwide emergency coverage. You can get emergency care outside of the United States. Emergency care includes emergency room visits, emergency hospital admissions and ambulance trips where you are taken to the emergency room.

The plan generally does not pay for transportation back to the United States after out-of-the-country emergency care. The plan will pay up to 100% of what Medicare would allow for the services if they had been obtained in the United States, less any copayments and coinsurance. Some providers, such as cruise ships, will charge you significantly more than Medicare, so you may have more out-of-pocket costs. Emergency care providers outside of the United States may require you to pay for care at the time services are provided. You will need to submit receipts and any medical information to the plan for payment. There is no worldwide coverage for care outside of the emergency room or emergency hospital admission. There is also no coverage for medications purchased while outside of the United States. For more information, please refer to Chapter 4 of this document.

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

Section 3.3 Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website:

www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com/medicare-compliance/emergency-notices for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?

<p>Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services</p>

If you have paid more than your plan cost sharing for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*) for information about what to do.

<p>Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost</p>

KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan or services obtained out of network and were not authorized, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service.

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

Costs you pay after your benefit limit has been reached will not count toward your out-of-pocket maximum.

SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?

<h4>Section 5.1 What is a clinical research study?</h4>
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A clinical research study (also called a *clinical trial*) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare.

Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study, *and* you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

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If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. If you tell us that you are in a qualified clinical trial, then you are only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more, for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount, we will reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. However, you will need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to tell us or to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations requiring coverage with evidence development (NCDs-CED) and investigational device exemption (IDE) studies

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and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, covered for Medicare Advantage enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.*

Section 5.2 When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

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After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan. However, you are required to submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Please see Chapter 7 for more information for submitting requests for payments.

Here's an example of how the cost sharing works:

Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test, and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would then notify your plan that you received a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation such as a provider bill to the plan. The plan would then directly pay you \$10. Therefore, your net payment is \$10, the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits. Please note that in order to receive payment

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

from your plan, you must submit documentation to your plan such as a provider bill.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.
- Items and services customarily provided by the research sponsors free-of-charge for any enrollee in the trial.

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Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies*. (The publication is available at:

www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf.) You can also call 1-800-

MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution

<h3>Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?</h3>
--

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

Section 6.2 Receiving Care from a Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is **non-excepted**.

- **Non-excepted** medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- **Excepted** medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to *non-religious* aspects of care.

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- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
- You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
- – *and* – you must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility, or your stay will not be covered.

Inpatient Hospital coverage limits or Skilled Nursing Facility limits apply depending on the type of care provided. See the benefit chart in Chapter 4 for more information.

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

<p>Section 7.1 Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?</p>
--

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the

Chapter 3 Using the plan for your medical services

home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS), however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan, even if you made up to 12 consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan. Under certain limited circumstances, we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Member Services for more information.

What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments made while enrolled in your plan do not count.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan.

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The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count. You will have to make 13 payments to our plan before owning the item.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) do not count.

Section 7.2 Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance

What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

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If you leave KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you are still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After five years you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.

CHAPTER 4:
Medical Benefits Chart
(what is covered and
what you pay)

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS). Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- **Deductible** is the amount you must pay for medical services before our plan begins to pay its share. (Section 1.2 tells you more about your deductibles for certain categories of services.)
- **Copayment** is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service.

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

(The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)

- **Coinsurance** is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable.

Section 1.2 What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, there is a limit on the total amount you have to pay out of pocket each year for in-network medical services that are covered under Medicare Part A and Part B. This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket (MOOP) amount for medical services. For calendar year 2025 this amount is \$6,500.

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

The amounts you pay for deductibles, copayments and coinsurance for in-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. The amounts you pay for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with a footnote in the Medical Benefits Chart. If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$6,500, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

The most you will have to pay out-of-pocket for Point-of-Service (POS) out-of-network covered Part A and Part B services in 2024 is \$10,000. The amounts you pay for the copayments and coinsurance for out-of-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. The amounts you pay for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the Medical

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Benefits Chart. If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$10,000 for covered POS out-of-network services, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for out-of-network covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow providers to balance bill you

As a member of KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS), an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers may not add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
- If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
- If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral or for emergencies or urgently needed services.)
- If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

situations, such as when you get a referral, or for emergencies or outside the service area for urgently needed services.)

- If you believe a provider has balance billed you, call Member Services.

SECTION 2 Use the *Medical Benefits Chart* to find out what is covered and how much you will pay

<h4>Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan</h4>

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) covers and what you pay out of pocket for each service. Part D prescription drug coverage is in Chapter 5. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B prescription drugs) *must* be medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- For new enrollees, your MA coordinated care plan must provide a minimum 90-day transition period, during which time the new MA plan may not require prior authorization for any active course of treatment, even if the course of treatment was for a service that commenced with an out-of-network provider.
- You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.
- Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered *only* if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called prior authorization) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart by a footnote.

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Other important things to know about our coverage:


- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less*. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You 2025* handbook. View it online at www.medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2025, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)


Important Benefit Information for Enrollees with Chronic Conditions

- If you are diagnosed with the following chronic condition(s) identified below and meet certain criteria, you may be eligible for special supplemental benefits for the chronically ill.
 - End Stage Renal Disease, Congestive Heart Failure (CHF), Severe Hematologic Disorders and Cancer.
 - The plan will review claims and encounter data to identify if you qualify and send the eligibility to our transportation vendor.
- Please go to the *Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill* row in the below Medical Benefits Chart for further detail.
- Please contact us to find out exactly which benefits you may be eligible for.

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

 You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

Medical Benefits Chart

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for this preventive screening.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances:</p> <p>For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lasting 12 weeks or longer; 	<p>\$20 copay for each Medicare-covered visit.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered visit.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious disease, etc.); • not associated with surgery; and • not associated with pregnancy. <p>An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain (continued) improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.</p> <p>Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.</p> <p>Provider Requirements: Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain (continued) applicable state requirements</p> <p>Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa) (5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have:</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a masters or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and, 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia. 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain (continued) Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.</p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Ambulance services Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan. If the covered ambulance services are</p>	<p>\$275 copay for each Medicare-covered ground ambulance service.</p> <p>\$275 copay for each Medicare-covered air ambulance service.</p>	<p>\$400 copay for each Medicare-covered ground ambulance service.</p> <p>\$400 copay for each Medicare-covered air ambulance service.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Ambulance services (continued) not for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.</p>	<p>Cost sharing applies to each one-way trip. Prior authorization required for non-emergency Medicare services.</p>	<p>Cost sharing applies to each one-way trip. Prior authorization required for non-emergency Medicare services.</p>
<p>Annual physical exam</p>	<p>\$0 copay for an annual physical exam.</p>	<p>Not covered.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Annual wellness visit If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for the annual wellness visit.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Annual wellness visit (continued) Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Bone mass measurement</p> <p>For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician’s interpretation of the results.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered bone mass measurements.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Breast cancer screening (mammograms) Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 • One screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged 40 and older • Clinical breast exams once every 24 months 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for screening mammograms</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Cardiac rehabilitation services</p> <p>Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor’s order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.</p>	<p>\$35 copay for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitation services visit and intensive cardiac rehabilitation services visit.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitation services visit and intensive cardiac rehabilitation services visit.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)</p> <p>We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Cardiovascular disease testing Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Cervical and vaginal cancer screening</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months • If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Chiropractic services Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> We cover only manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation 	<p>\$20 copay for each Medicare-covered chiropractic visit. Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered chiropractic visit. Prior authorization required.</p>
<p> Colorectal cancer screening The following screening tests are covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for a Medicare covered colorectal -</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Colorectal cancer screening (continued)</p> <p>age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high-risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema.</p>	<p>covered colorectal cancer screening exam. If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or other tissue during the colonoscopy or flexible sigmoidoscopy, the screening exam becomes a diagnostic</p>	<p>cancer screening exam. If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or other tissue during the colonoscopy or flexible sigmoidoscopy, the screening exam becomes a diagnostic exam.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Colorectal cancer screening (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high-risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema. 	<p>exam and you will not pay a copayment for the colonoscopy.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered outpatient surgery including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Colorectal cancer screening (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months. • Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high-risk criteria. Once every 3 years. 	<p>You will pay the outpatient hospital (\$350 copay) or ambulatory surgical center (\$300 copay) if the colonoscopy is combined with another non-colonoscopy outpatient procedure.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered barium enema.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Colorectal cancer screening (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high-risk criteria. Once every 3 years. • Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy. 	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered barium enema.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Colorectal cancer screening (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy. 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Colorectal cancer screening (continued) Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Convenient Care Plan covers convenient care at Minute Clinic by CVS only.</p>	\$20 copay for each visit	Not covered
<p>Dental services In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. However, Medicare currently pays for dental services in a limited number of circumstances, specifically when that</p>	<p><u>In-Network Only</u> <i>Medicare Covered Services</i> \$35 copay for Medicare-covered dental services.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Dental services (continued) service is an integral part of specific treatment of a beneficiary's primary medical condition. Some examples include reconstruction of the jaw following fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams preceding kidney transplantation.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Dental services (continued)</p> <p>In addition, we cover:</p> <p><i>Preventive Dental Services</i></p> <p><u>Clinical Oral Evaluations</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •D0120 - Periodic Oral Evaluation 1 every 6 months •D0140 - Limited Oral Evaluation 1 every 12 months •D0150 - Comprehensive Oral Evaluation (new or established) - 1 every 12 months 	<p><u>In-Network Only</u></p> <p><i>Preventive and Comprehensive Dental Services:</i></p> <p>0% coinsurance</p> <p>\$2,000 maximum plan coverage amount every year for non-Medicare-covered comprehensive dental services. This amount is combined with the preventive dental services benefit.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •D0160 - Extensive oral evaluation problem focused - 1 every 12 months <p><u>Radiographs/Diagnostic Imaging</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •D0210 - Intraoral - Complete Series (including bitewings)* - 1 every 12 months •D0220 - Intraoral - Periapical first film - 1 every 12 months •D0230 - Intraoral - Periapical each additional film - 1 every 12 months 	Any amount over the maximum plan coverage amount is the responsibility of the member.	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •D0240 - X-rays Intraoral-Occlusal Film - 1 every 12 months •D0270 - Bitewings, single film 1 every - 12 months •D0272 - Bitewings, two films - 1 every 12 months •D0273 – Bitewings, three films – 1 every 12 months •D0274 - Bitewings, four films - 1 every 12 months •D0277 - Vert bitewings, 7 to 8 images - 1 every 12 months* •D0330 - Panoramic film - 1 every 12 months* 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>*Coverage is for either Panoramic Film D0330 or Intraoral-Complete Series D0210 once every 12 months. Vertical bitewings (D0277) cannot be billed in conjunction with a comprehensive series.</p> <p><u>Dental Cleanings</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D1110 - Prophylaxis (Adult) - 1 every 6 months <p>All other codes not listed are not covered and are the responsibility of the member.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p><u>Comprehensive dental services:</u></p> <p><u>Restorative Services (up to 4 total fillings per year)</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D2140 - Amalgam (one surface, primary or permanent) • D2150 - Amalgam (two surfaces, primary or permanent) • D2160 - Amalgam (three surfaces, primary or permanent) • D2161 - Amalgam (four or more surfaces, primary or permanent) 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D2330 - Resin-based composite (one surface – anterior) • D2331 - Resin-based composite (two surfaces – anterior) • D2332 - Resin-based composite (three surfaces – anterior) • D2335 - Resin-based composite (four or more surfaces- anterior) • D2391 - Resin based composite (one surface, posterior) • D2392 - Resin based composite (two surfaces, posterior) 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D2393 - Resin based composite (three or more surfaces, posterior) • D2394 - Resin-based composite (four or more surfaces – posterior) <p><u>Endodontic Services</u> <i>D3110 or D3120 – one code per 60 months</i> <i>D3310, D3320, D3330 - one code per 60 months</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D3110 - Pulp cap direct • D3120 - Pulp cap indirect • D3310 - End therapy, anterior tooth: 1 per lifetime 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D3320 - End therapy, bicuspid tooth: 1 per lifetime • D3330 - End therapy, molar: 1 per lifetime • D3346 - Retreat root canal anterior • D3347 - Retreat root canal bicuspid • D3348 - Retreat root canal molar <p><u>Periodontic Services</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D4341 - Periodontal Scaling and Root Planing, per quadrant - 4 quad every 24 months 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D4342 - Periodontal Scaling and Root Planing, 1-3 teeth - 4 quad every 24 months • D4355 - Full Mouth Debridement - 1 every 12 months • D4910 - Periodontal Maintenance - 1 every 6 months <p><u>Prosthodontics, Removable</u> <i>D5110, D5130, D5211, or D5213 – one code per 60 months</i> <i>D5120, D5140, D5212, or D5214 – one code per 60 months</i></p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D5110 - Complete denture – maxillary: 1 every 60 months • D5120 - Complete denture – mandibular: 1 every 60 months • D5130 - Immediate denture – maxillary (in lieu of D5110): 1 every 60 months • D5140 - Immediate denture – mandibular (in lieu of D5120): 1 every 60 months • D5211 - Dentures maxillary part resin: 1 every 60 months • D5212 - Dentures mandible part resin: 1 every 60 months 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D5213 - Maxillary partial denture – cast metal framework: 1 every 60 months • D5214 - Mandibular partial denture – cast metal framework: 1 every 60 months • D5221 - Immediate maxillary partial denture – resin base: 1 every 60 months • D5222 - Immediate mandibular partial denture – resin base: 1 every 60 months • D5225 - Maxillary part denture flex: 1 every 60 months 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D5226 - Mandibular part denture flex: 1 every 60 months <p><u>Prosthetic Services</u> <i>Adjustments to Dentures (unlimited up to plan coverage maximum amount)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D5410 - Adjust Complete Denture – Maxillary • D5411 - Adjust Complete Denture – Mandibular • D5421 - Adjust Partial Denture – Maxillary • D5422 - Adjust Partial Denture – Mandibular 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p><i>Repairs to Complete Dentures (unlimited up to plan coverage maximum amount)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D5511 - Repair Broken Complete Denture Base – Mandibular • D5512 - Repair Broken Complete Denture Base – Maxillary • D5520 - Repair Missing or Broken Teeth – Complete Denture <p><i>Repairs to Partial Dentures (unlimited up to plan coverage maximum amount)</i></p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D5611 - Repair Resin Denture Base – Mandibular • D5612 - Repair Resin Denture Base – Maxillary • D5621 - Repair cast partial framework – Mandibular • D5622 - Repair cast partial framework – Maxillary • D5630 - Repair partial denture clasp • D5640 - Replace Broken Teeth – Per Tooth • D5650 - Add tooth to partial denture 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D5660 - Add clasp to partial denture • D5730 - Denture reline complete maxillary denture • D5731 - Denture reline complete mandibular denture • D5740 - Denture reline maxillary partial denture chairside • D5741 - Denture reline mandibular partial denture chairside • D5750 - Denture reline complete maxillary denture chairside • D5751 - Denture reline complete mandibular denture chairside 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D5760 - Denture reline partial maxillary lab • D5761 - Denture reline partial mandibular lab • D5850 - Denture tissue conditioning maxillary • D5851 - Denture tissue conditioning mandibular <p><u>Prosthodontics, Fixed</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D6210 - Prosthodontic high noble metal - 1 every 60 months • D6211 - Bridge base metal cast - 1 every 60 months 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D6212 - Bridge noble metal cast - 1 every 60 months • D6214 - Bridge titanium and titanium alloys - 1 every 60 months • D6240 - Bridge porcelain fused to predominantly base metal - 1 every 60 months • D6241 - Bridge porcelain base metal - 1 every 60 months • D6242 - Bridge porcelain noble metal - 1 every 60 months • D6245 - Bridge porcelain/ceramic - 1 every 60 months 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D6740 - Crown porcelain/ceramic - 1 every 60 months • D6750 - Retainer Crown - porcelain fused to high noble metal - 1 every 60 months • D6751 - Crown porcelain base metal - 1 every 60 months • D6752 - Crown porcelain noble metal - 1 every 60 months • D6790 - Retainer Crown – full cast high noble metal - 1 every 60 months • D6791 - Crown 3/4 porcelain/ceramic - 1 every 60 months 		



**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D6792 - Crown full noble metal cast - 1 every 60 months • D6794 - Retainer Crown – Titanium and titanium alloys - 1 every 60 months • D6930 - Dental re-cement bridge <p><u>Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery Services</u> (unlimited up to plan coverage maximum amount)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D7140 - Extraction – Erupted Tooth or Exposed Root - 1 per tooth per lifetime 		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D7210 - Surgical removal of erupted tooth - 1 per tooth per lifetime <p><u>Non-routine Services</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • D9110 - Palliative (emergency) Treatment of Dental Pain <p>All other codes not listed are not covered and are the responsibility of the member.</p> <p><i>Some services may require clinical review.</i></p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Depression screening We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for an annual depression screening visit.</p>
<p> Diabetes screening We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered diabetes screening tests.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Diabetes screening (continued) triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes. You may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months following the date of your most recent diabetes screening test.</p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services, and supplies</p> <p>For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors. 	<p>0% co-insurance if you use a preferred brand of diabetic testing supplies (includes meters and test strips)</p> <p>Preferred brands are: LifeScan (i.e. OneTouch®) and Roche (i.e. ACCU-CHEK®).</p> <p>Non-preferred brands of diabetic</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered diabetic monitoring supplies.</p> <p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered diabetic therapeutic shoes or inserts.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services, and supplies (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable 	<p>supplies (includes meters and test strips) are not covered unless determined medically necessary by a physician.</p> <p>0% coinsurance for lancets, lancet devices and control solutions.</p> <p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered diabetes self-management training services.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services, and supplies (continued)</p> <p>inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions. 	<p>diabetes self-management training services. 20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered diabetic therapeutic shoes or inserts.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered insulin pump and supplies.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services, and supplies (continued)</p>	<p>Continuous blood glucose monitors (CGM) covered 15% at retail pharmacy and 20% at DME vendor. Preferred CGM's are Dexcom G6/G7 and Freestyle Libre 14/2/3. All other CGM's are not covered.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services, and supplies (continued)</p>	<p>Prior authorization required.</p>	
<p>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (For a definition of durable medical equipment, see Chapter 12 as well as Chapter 3, Section 7 of this document.)</p> <p>Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches,</p>	<p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered durable medical equipment.</p> <p>Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered durable medical equipment.</p> <p>Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is 40%</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (continued)</p> <p>powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.</p> <p>With this <i>Evidence of Coverage</i> document, we sent you KelseyCare Advantage Freedom</p>	<p>20% coinsurance, every month.</p> <p>Your cost sharing will not change after being</p>	<p>coinsurance, every month.</p> <p>Your cost sharing will not change after being enrolled for 36 months.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (continued) (HMO-POS)'s list of DME. The list tells you the brands and manufacturers of DME that we will cover. This most recent list of brands, manufacturers, and suppliers is also available on our website at www.kelseycareadvantage.com. Generally, KelseyCare Advantage Freedom</p>	<p>enrolled for 36 months. If prior to enrolling in KelseyCare Advantage Freedom you had made 36 months of rental payment for oxygen equipment coverage, your cost sharing in KelseyCare Advantage Freedom is</p>	<p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (continued) (HMO-POS) covers any DME covered by Original Medicare from the brands and manufacturers on this list. We will not cover other brands and manufacturers unless your doctor or other provider tells us that the brand is appropriate for your medical needs. However, if you are new to KelseyCare Advantage</p>	<p>20% coinsurance in-network. Prior authorization required.</p>	


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (continued)</p> <p>Freedom (HMO-POS) and are using a brand of DME that is not on our list, we will continue to cover this brand for you for up to 90 days. During this time, you should talk with your doctor to decide what brand is medically appropriate for you after this 90-day period. (If you disagree with your doctor, you can ask him or her to refer</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (continued) you for a second opinion.)</p> <p>If you (or your provider) don't agree with the plan's coverage decision, you or your provider may file an appeal. You can also file an appeal if you don't agree with your provider's decision about what product or brand is appropriate for your medical condition. (For more information about</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (continued)</p> <p>appeals, see Chapter 9, <i>What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints).</i>)</p>		
<p> EKG following the “Welcome to Medicare” visit</p>	<p>\$0 copay for an EKG following the “Welcome to Medicare” visit.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for an EKG following the “Welcome to Medicare” visit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Emergency care</p> <p>Emergency care refers to services that are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and • Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition. <p>A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine,</p>	<p>\$125 copay for each Medicare-covered emergency room visit.</p> <p>Copay is waived if you are admitted to the hospital within 3 days for the same condition.</p> <p>If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must have your inpatient care at the out-of-network hospital authorized by the plan and your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Emergency care (continued) believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.</p>	<p>Emergency care outside the United States is covered up to the Medicare-allowed rate less your copayment. You may have higher out of-pocket expenses which will not apply to your out of-pocket maximum apart from the emergency care copayment.</p>	


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Emergency care (continued)</p> <p>Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>Emergency care is covered worldwide. Please see Worldwide emergency and urgently needed care services row.</p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Enhanced disease management services</p> <p>The disease management program provides reminders for preventive screenings and labs for common chronic conditions.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for enhanced disease management services.</p>	<p>Not covered.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Health and wellness education programs These are programs focused on clinical health conditions such as high blood pressure, cholesterol, asthma or COPD, diabetes, and special diets in association with Medical Management programs. The plan covers the following supplemental education/wellness programs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Health Education Materials 	<p>\$0 copay for health and wellness education program services.</p>	<p>Health and wellness education program services are not covered.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Health and wellness education programs (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Newsletters • Nutritional Benefit • Nursing Hotline 24-hour nurse call center is available for members who want to ask health related questions, get specific health advice, have symptoms triaged and be provided care recommendations for treatment. The nurse call center can also access physician support. 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Hearing services Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.</p>	<p>\$35 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic hearing exam. \$0 copay for 1 routine hearing exam every year.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for each routine hearing exam or Medicare-covered exam to diagnose and treat hearing and balance issues.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Hearing services (continued)</p> <p>Additional benefits include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Routine hearing exams: 1 exam every year • Fitting and evaluation for hearing aids: 1 visit every year • Prescription hearing aids (Replacement batteries not included) 	<p>\$25 copay for each hearing aid fitting/evaluation visit.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for each hearing aid fitting/evaluation visit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
Hearing services (continued)	<p>*\$750 maximum plan coverage amount per ear towards the cost of non-implantable hearing aid(s) every three years.</p> <p>*Does not count toward out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	<p>Prescription hearing aids benefit is not covered.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> HIV screening</p> <p>For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One screening exam every 12 months <p>For women who are pregnant, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screenings.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Home health agency care</p> <p>Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p>	<p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered home health services.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered home health services.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Home health agency care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (to be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week) 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
Home health agency care (continued) <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy• Medical and social services• Medical equipment and supplies		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Home infusion therapy Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to an individual at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters).</p>	<p>\$0 copay for home health vendor to out to the home. 0% to 20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered home infusion therapy services.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for home health vendor to out to the home. 40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered home infusion therapy services. 0 - 40% Part B coinsurance for the drug infused.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Home infusion therapy (continued) Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit 	<p>If the drug is obtained from a home infusion pharmacy, please refer to Chapter 6 for cost-share amount. Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>If the drug is obtained from a home infusion pharmacy, please refer to Chapter 6 for cost-share amount. Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Home infusion therapy (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remote monitoring • Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Hospice care You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Your plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan's service area, including</p>	<p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not KelseyCare</p>	<p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not KelseyCare</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Hospice care (continued) those the MA organization owns, controls, or has a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drugs for symptom control and pain relief • Short-term respite care • Home care <p>When you are admitted to a hospice you have</p>	<p>Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS).</p> <p>\$0 copay for a hospice consultation service prior to election of hospice.</p>	<p>Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS).</p> <p>50% coinsurance may apply for hospice consultation service prior to the election of hospice.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Hospice care (continued) the right to remain in your plan; if you chose to remain in your plan you must continue to pay plan premiums.</p> <p><u>For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis:</u> Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Hospice care (continued) terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for. You will be billed Original Medicare cost sharing.</p> <p><u>For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis:</u> If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Hospice care (continued) Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan’s network and follow plan rules (such as if there is a requirement to obtain prior authorization).</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Hospice care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you obtain the covered services from a network provider and follow plan rules for obtaining service, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services • If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare) 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Hospice care (continued)</p> <p><u>For services that are covered by KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B: KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.</u></p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Hospice care (continued)</p> <p><u>For drugs that may be covered by the plan's Part D benefit: If these drugs are unrelated to your terminal hospice condition you pay cost sharing. If they are related to your terminal hospice condition, then you pay Original Medicare cost sharing.</u></p> <p>Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please see Chapter 5, Section 9.4 (<i>What if</i></p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Hospice care (continued) <i>you're in Medicare-certified hospice).</i></p> <p>Note: If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services. Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Immunizations</p> <p>Covered Medicare Part B services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pneumonia vaccines • Flu/influenza shots (or vaccines), once each flu/influenza season in the fall and winter, with additional flu/influenza shots (or vaccines) if medically necessary • Hepatitis B vaccines if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B • COVID-19 vaccines 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, flu/influenza, Hepatitis B, and COVID-19 vaccines.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, flu/influenza, Hepatitis B, and COVID-19 vaccines.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Immunizations (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules <p>We also cover most other adult vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit. Refer to Chapter 6, Section 7 for additional information.</p>		
<p>Inpatient hospital care</p> <p>Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital</p>	<p>For Medicare-covered inpatient hospital stays, you pay:</p>	<p>For Medicare-covered inpatient hospital stays, you pay:</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient hospital care (continued) services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor’s order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.</p> <p>You are covered for 90 days per benefit period for Medicare-covered inpatient hospital stays. Our plan also covers 60 lifetime reserve days, members have a total of 60 reserve days that can</p>	<p>\$375 copay per day for days 1-5;</p> <p>\$0 copay per day for days 6-90 (if available).</p> <p>After you pay up to the \$1,875 maximum out-of-pocket amount for each stay for inpatient hospital benefits, the</p>	<p>40% coinsurance per stay.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient hospital care (continued) be used during their lifetime. The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services: A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60</p>	<p>plan will cover the rest of your out-of-pocket costs for eligible services.</p> <p>60 lifetime reserve days are covered for \$0 copay per day.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</p> <p>days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary) • Meals including special diets • Regular nursing services 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units) • Drugs and medications • Lab tests • X-rays and other radiology services • Necessary surgical and medical supplies • Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs • Operating and recovery room costs • Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inpatient substance use disorder services • Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved 	<p>If you get inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must have your inpatient</p>	<p>If you see an out-of-network provider, without prior authorization, you are using your POS benefit. Any care ordered by the provider,</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</p> <p>transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate</p>	<p>care at the out-of-network hospital authorized by the plan and your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>including hospital admission, will be covered under your POS benefits, even if the care is provided at a network facility. For example, if the POS provider admits you for surgery at a network facility you will pay the POS coinsurance or</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</p> <p>If KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion.</p>		<p>copayments for the facility and physician services. If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells (as well as other components of blood) begins with the first pint of blood that you need. • Physician services <p>Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if</p>		<p>network hospital.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient hospital care (continued) you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called <i>Medicare Hospital Benefits</i>. This fact sheet</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</p> <p>is available on the Web at https://es.medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay.</p> <p>Our plan covers 90 days per benefit period. Our plan also covers 60 lifetime reserve days, members have a total of 60 reserve days that can be used during their lifetime.</p>	<p>For Medicare-covered inpatient mental health care stays, you pay: \$375 copay per day for days 1-5; \$0 copay per day for days 6-90 (if available).</p> <p>After you pay up to the \$1,875 maximum out-of-pocket amount for</p>	<p>For Medicare-covered inpatient mental health care stays, you pay: 40% coinsurance per stay.</p> <p>If you see a non-network Provider using your POS benefit, any care ordered by the provider, including</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital (continued)</p> <p>You receive up to 190 days of Medicare-covered inpatient psychiatric hospital care in a lifetime. The 190-day limit does not apply to inpatient mental health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital.</p>	<p>each stay for inpatient hospital benefits, the plan will cover the rest of your out-of-pocket costs for eligible services.</p> <p>60 lifetime reserve days are covered for \$0 copay per day (if available).</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>hospital admission, will be covered under your POS benefits, even if the care is provided at a network facility.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay</p> <p>If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services</p>	<p>Physician services See <i>Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits</i> row.</p>	<p>Physician services See <i>Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits</i> row.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay (continued) include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physician services • Diagnostic tests (like lab tests) • X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services • Surgical dressings • Splints, casts, and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations 	<p>Diagnostic and radiological services, surgical dressings, and splints See <i>Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies</i> row.</p> <p>Prosthetics, orthotics, and outpatient medical/</p>	<p>Diagnostic and radiological services, surgical dressings, and splints See <i>Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies</i> row.</p> <p>Prosthetics, orthotics, and outpatient medical/</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices 	<p>therapeutic supplies <i>See Prosthetic and Orthotic Devices and Related Supplies row.</i></p> <p>Physical, speech, and occupational therapy services <i>See Outpatient Rehabilitation Services row.</i></p>	<p>therapeutic supplies <i>See Prosthetic and Orthotic Devices and Related Supplies row.</i></p> <p>Physical, speech, and occupational therapy services <i>See Outpatient Rehabilitation Services row.</i></p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition • Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy 		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Medical nutrition therapy</p> <p>This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.</p> <p>We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Medical nutrition therapy (continued) Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician’s order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)</p> <p>MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans.</p> <p>MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for the MDPP benefit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs</p> <p>These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services 	<p>0% to 20% coinsurance for Medicare Part B covered drugs; including Part B covered chemotherapy.</p> <p>You will not pay more than \$35 per month for covered Part B insulin. Service category and plan level deductibles do not apply.</p>	<p>0% to 40% coinsurance for Medicare Part B covered drugs; including Part B covered chemotherapy.</p> <p>You will not pay more than \$35 per month for covered Part B insulin. Service category and plan level deductibles do not apply.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump) • Other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan • The Alzheimer’s drug, Leqembi[®], (generic name lecanemab), which is administered intravenously. In 	<p>Prior authorization required.</p> <p>Some drugs may be subject to step therapy.</p>	<p>Prior authorization required.</p> <p>Some drugs may be subject to step therapy.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</p> <p>addition to medication costs, you may need additional scans and tests before and/or during treatment that could add to your overall costs. Talk to your doctor about what scans and tests you may need as part of your treatment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transplant/Immunosuppressive Drugs: Medicare covers transplant drug therapy if Medicare paid for your organ transplant. You must have Part A at the time of the covered transplant, and you must have Part B at the time you get immunosuppressive drugs. Keep in mind, Medicare drug coverage (Part D) covers 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</p> <p>immunosuppressive drugs if Part B doesn't cover them</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug • Some Antigens: Medicare covers antigens if a doctor 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</p> <p>prepares them and a properly instructed person (who could be you, the patient) gives them under appropriate supervision</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certain oral anti-cancer drugs: Medicare covers some oral cancer drugs you take by mouth if the same drug is available in injectable form or the drug is a prodrug (an oral form of a drug 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</p> <p>that, when ingested, breaks down into the same active ingredient found in the injectable drug) of the injectable drug. As new oral cancer drugs become available, Part B may cover them. If Part B doesn't cover them, Part D does</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oral anti-nausea drugs: Medicare covers oral anti-nausea drugs you use as part of an anti-cancer 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</p> <p>chemotherapeutic regimen if they're administered before, at, or within 48 hours of chemotherapy or are used as a full therapeutic replacement for an intravenous anti-nausea drug</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certain oral End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) drugs if the same drug is available in injectable form and the Part B ESRD benefit covers it 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Calcimimetic medications under the ESRD payment system, including the intravenous medication Parsabiv[®], and the oral medication Sensipar[®] • Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin, when medically necessary, and topical anesthetics 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Erythropoiesis-stimulating agents: Medicare covers erythropoietin by injection if you have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) or you need this drug to treat anemia related to certain other conditions (such as Epogen[®], Procrit[®], Retacrit[®], Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp[®], Darbepoetin Alfa, Mircera[®], or 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</p> <p>Methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases • Parenteral and enteral nutrition (intravenous and tube feeding) <p>The following link will take you to a list of Part B Drugs that may be</p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</p> <p>subject to Step Therapy: www.kelseycareadvantage.com</p> <p>We also cover some vaccines under our Part B prescription drug benefit.</p> <p>Chapter 5 explains the Part D prescription drug benefit, including rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs through our plan is explained in Chapter 6.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
Nutritional / dietary benefit	\$0 copay for the nutritional / dietary benefit.	Not covered.

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss</p> <p>If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for preventive obesity screening and therapy.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Opioid treatment program services Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can receive coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications. 	<p>Physician/Practitioner services: \$0 copay for each Medicare-covered primary care physician visit. \$20 copay for each Medicare-covered specialist visit. Outpatient mental health care services: Mental Health</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered opioid treatment services.</p> <p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs: 0% to 40% coinsurance for Drugs that are part of Opioid Treatment Services.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Opioid treatment program services (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable) • Substance use disorder counseling • Individual and group therapy • Toxicology testing • Intake activities • Periodic assessments 	<p>Individual/Group Sessions - \$20 copay</p> <p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs: 0% to 20% coinsurance for Drugs that are part of Opioid Treatment Services.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
Opioid treatment program services (continued)	See “Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies” for copayment/coinsurance amounts if tests are ordered during treatment services.	See “Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies” for copayment/coinsurance amounts if tests are ordered during treatment services.

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • X-rays • Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies • Surgical supplies, such as dressings • Splints, casts, and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations 	<p>Outpatient X-rays \$0 copay for Medicare-covered services.</p> <p>Therapeutic radiology services \$50 copay for Medicare-covered services (such as radiation treatment for cancer)</p>	<p>Outpatient X-rays 40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered services.</p> <p>Therapeutic radiology services 40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered services (such as radiation treatment for cancer).</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laboratory tests • Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells (as well as other components of blood) begins with the first pint of blood that you need. • Other outpatient diagnostic tests 	<p>including intensity modulated radiation therapy (IMRT) for each day of service.</p> <p>Medical supplies 20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered supplies.</p>	<p>Medical supplies 40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered supplies.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies (continued)	<p>Lab services \$0 copay for Medicare-covered services.</p> <p>Blood services \$0 copay for Medicare-covered services.</p> <p>Diagnostic tests and procedures \$0 to \$25 copay for Medicare-covered services.</p>	<p>Lab services 40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered services.</p> <p>Blood services 40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered services.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies (continued)	<p>Diagnostic radiology services \$25 to \$200 copay for Medicare-covered services (such as MRIs and CT scans). Diagnostic copayments may also apply for testing done prior, during or after radiation therapy.</p>	<p>Diagnostic tests and procedures 40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered services.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Other outpatient diagnostic tests 	<p>Other outpatient copayments may apply if provided by a company for a physician.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>Diagnostic radiology services 40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered services (such as MRIs and CT scans).</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient hospital observation</p> <p>Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.</p> <p>For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary.</p> <p>Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of</p>	<p>\$350 copay per stay for Medicare-covered outpatient hospital observation services.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered outpatient hospital observation services.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient hospital observation (continued) a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.</p> <p>Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient hospital observation (continued)</p> <p>overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called <i>Medicare Hospital Benefits</i>. This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://es.medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient hospital observation (continued) calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient hospital services</p> <p>We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery 	<p>Emergency services</p> <p>See <i>Emergency Care</i> row.</p>	<p>Emergency services</p> <p>See <i>Emergency Care</i> row.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient hospital services (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital • Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it • X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital • Medical supplies such as splints and casts 	<p>Outpatient surgery See <i>Outpatient Surgery, Including Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers and Outpatient Hospital Observation</i> rows.</p>	<p>Outpatient surgery See <i>Outpatient Surgery, Including Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers and Outpatient Hospital Observation</i> rows.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient hospital services (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself <p>Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an</p>	<p>Laboratory and diagnostic tests, X-rays, radiological services, and medical supplies See <i>Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies</i> row.</p>	<p>Laboratory and diagnostic tests, X-rays, radiological services, and medical supplies See <i>Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies</i> row.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient hospital services (continued) outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called <i>Medicare Hospital Benefits</i>. This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://es.medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling</p>	<p>Mental health care and partial hospitalization See <i>Outpatient Mental Health Care and Partial Hospitalization Services and Intensive Outpatient Services</i> rows.</p>	<p>Mental health care and partial hospitalization See <i>Outpatient Mental Health Care and Partial Hospitalization Services and Intensive Outpatient Services</i> rows.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient hospital services (continued) 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>	<p>Drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself <i>See Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs row.</i></p>	<p>Drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself <i>See Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs row.</i></p>
<p>Outpatient mental health care Covered services include: Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical</p>	<p>\$20 copay for each Medicare-covered individual or group therapy visit.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance each Medicare-covered individual or group therapy visit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient mental health care (continued) psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, licensed professional counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT), nurse practitioner (NP), physician assistant (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient rehabilitation services Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.</p>	<p>\$15 copay for each Medicare-covered physical and/or speech therapy visit. \$35 for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy visit.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered physical and/or speech therapy visit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient rehabilitation services (continued)</p> <p>Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).</p>	<p>\$20 copay for other Medicare-covered approved therapy visits, including wound care and lymphedema provided by therapists.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance of each Medicare-covered occupational therapy visit.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient substance use disorder services Covered services include: Substance abuse services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.</p>	<p>\$20 copay for each Medicare-covered individual or group therapy visit.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered individual or group therapy visit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient substance use disorder services (continued)</p> <p>Coverage includes treatment services that are provided in the outpatient department of a hospital to patients who, for example, have been discharged from an inpatient stay for the treatment of drug substance abuse or who require treatment but do not require the availability and intensity of services found only in the inpatient hospital setting.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient substance use disorder services (continued)</p> <p>The coverage available for these services is subject to the same rules generally applicable to the coverage of outpatient hospital services.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers</p> <p>Note: If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even</p>	<p>For Medicare-covered services at an ambulatory surgical center, you pay \$300 copay.</p>	<p>For Medicare-covered services at an ambulatory surgical center, you pay 40% coinsurance.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers (continued)</p> <p>if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.</p> <p><i>Ambulatory Surgery Center (ASC)</i></p> <p>KelseyCare Advantage Freedom provides coverage for medically necessary surgeries in an ASC that are not</p>	<p>For Medicare-covered services at an outpatient hospital facility, you pay \$350 copay.</p>	<p>For Medicare-covered services at an outpatient hospital facility, you pay 40% coinsurance.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers (continued)</p> <p>included in the CMS ASC.payment-eligible list under Original Medicare</p> <p>Your provider may choose to complete a procedure at an ASC that typically is performed in an outpatient hospital setting.</p>	<p>\$350 copay for other outpatient hospital services, for example: chemotherapy, diagnostic sleep studies or observation stay.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Over-the-counter items OTC items are drugs and health-related products that do not require a prescription.</p> <p>Your coverage includes non-prescription OTC health related items like vitamins, pain relievers, cough and cold medicines, and first aid supplies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nicotine Replacement Therapy (NRT). • Naloxone <p>These items are available without a prescription and are not</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for plan-approved over-the-counter items.</p> <p>\$25 maximum plan coverage amount every 3 months for OTC items.</p>	<p>Not covered.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Over-the-counter items (continued) covered by Medicare Part A, Part B or Part D. Only you can use your benefit, and the OTC products are intended for your use only. You have the flexibility of purchasing eligible OTC items either in store, online, over the phone, or via a catalog.</p> <p>In-Store: You will receive an OTC benefit card to purchase plan-approved OTC items at your local OTC retail network location</p>	<p>If you do not use all of your quarterly OTC benefit amount, the remaining balance will not roll over to the next quarter or calendar year.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Over-the-counter items (continued) Online: visit www.KCAOTC.com By Phone: call an OTC Advocate toll-free at 800-688-2719 (TTY: 711), Monday to Friday, 8 a.m. to 11 p.m. (EST) excluding holidays. By Mail: fill out and mail in the OTC Order Form in the OTC Product Catalog</p>	<p>You can place a maximum of four (4) online, phone or mail orders per quarter for plan-approved OTC Items.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Over-the-counter items (continued)</p> <p>Please note the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This product list is subject to change. Items, quantities, sizes, and values may change depending on availability. For the most up-to-date listing of OTC products available, go to www.KCAOTC.com. There may be limitations to how many of the same item can be ordered. 	<p>Your OTC benefit card must be used at participating OTC retail network locations to purchase plan-approved OTC items.</p> <p>Quarterly OTC benefit periods are January-March, April-June, July-September and October-December.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Over-the-counter items (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If your purchase of in-store approved over-the-counter items is higher than the provided allowance, you will be responsible for paying the difference. • If your purchases are less than the provided allowance in any given period, the remaining amount will not carry over to the next month. 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Over-the-counter items (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Your purchase total will be applied to the quarter in which the transaction was processed. Refer to your 2025 OTC Product Catalog for a complete list of plan-approved OTC items or call an OTC Advocate for more information. <p>Additional information can be found on our website at www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Partial hospitalization services and intensive outpatient services</p> <p><i>Partial hospitalization</i> is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office and is.</p>	<p>\$25 copay per day for Medicare-covered partial hospitalization services and intensive outpatient services.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance per day for Medicare-covered partial hospitalization services and intensive outpatient services.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Partial hospitalization services and intensive outpatient services (continued) an alternative to inpatient hospitalization</p> <p><i>Intensive outpatient</i> service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care received in your</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Partial hospitalization services and intensive outpatient services (continued) doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.</p> <p>Note: Because there are no community mental health centers in our network, we cover partial hospitalization only as a hospital outpatient service.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician’s office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location • Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist 	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered primary care visit.</p> <p>\$35 copay for each Medicare-covered specialist visit.</p>	<p>\$10 copay for each Medicare-covered primary care visit.</p> <p>\$60 copay for each Medicare-covered specialist visit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment • Certain telehealth services, including: Primary Care Physician Services, Physician Specialists Services, Individual and Group Sessions for Mental Health Specialist Services. 	<p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered allergy testing and serum. Phone, E-Visits and Video Visits: \$0 copay for each Medicare-covered telehealth visit with a primary care provider.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered specialist visit with MD Anderson providers.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. ○ Phone, E-Visits and Video Visits are covered benefits for contracted providers 	<p>Phone, E-Visits and Video Visits with Specialty, Mental Health and other providers: \$15 copay for each Medicare-covered telehealth visit with a specialist.</p>	<p>Telehealth is not covered under the POS benefit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</p> <p>and for contracted mental health providers.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner, for patients in certain rural areas or other places approved by Medicare 	<p>See “Medicare Part B prescription drugs” for coinsurance amounts if a Part B drug is given during the visit.</p> <p>Prior authorization may be required, except for primary care services.</p>	<p>See “Medicare Part B prescription drugs” for coinsurance amounts if a Part B drug is given during the visit.</p> <p>Prior authorization required, except for primary care services.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member’s home • Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location • Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You’re not a new patient and • The check-in isn’t related to an office visit in the past 7 days and • The check-in doesn’t lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</p> <p>available appointment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You’re not a new patient and 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The evaluation isn’t related to an office visit in the past 7 days and • The evaluation doesn’t lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment • Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery • Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer) 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</p> <p>disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Telehealth services provided by qualified occupational therapists (OTs), physical therapists (PTs), speech-language pathologists (SLPs), and audiologists 		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Podiatry services Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs) 	<p>\$35 copay for each Medicare-covered podiatry services visit. Prior authorization not required for podiatry services.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered podiatry services visit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Podiatry services (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs 	<p>20% coinsurance for any Medicare-covered orthotics provided during the visit.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for any Medicare-covered orthotics provided during the visit.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Prostate cancer screening exams</p> <p>For men aged 50 and older, covered services include the following - once every 12 months:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital rectal exam • Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test 	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.</p> <p>\$0 copay for an annual Medicare-covered digital rectal exam.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for an annual PSA test.</p> <p>40% coinsurance for an annual Medicare-covered digital rectal exam.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related supplies</p> <p>Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include but are not limited to testing, fitting, or training in the use of prosthetic and orthotic devices; as well as: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a</p>	<p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered prosthetic and orthotic devices.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for related Medicare-covered supplies.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered prosthetic and orthotic devices.</p> <p>40% coinsurance for related Medicare-covered supplies.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related supplies (continued) surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic and orthotic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic and orthotic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see Vision Care later in this section for more detail.</p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Pulmonary rehabilitation services Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.</p>	<p>\$15 copay for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitation services visit. Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitation services visit. Prior authorization required.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Remote access technologies</p> <p>Benefit includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nurse hotline by calling 713-442-0000 after 5 pm and weekend and holidays 	<p>\$0 copay for visits using the nurse hotline benefit.</p>	<p>Remote access technologies benefits are not covered.</p>
<p> Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse</p> <p>We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol but aren't alcohol dependent.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse (continued)</p> <p>If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.</p>	<p>reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.</p>	<p>misuse preventive benefit.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)</p> <p>For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.</p> <p>Eligible members are: people aged 50 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive an order for</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered counseling and shared decision-making visit or for the LDCT.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered counseling and shared decision-making visit or for the LDCT.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) (continued) LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.</p> <p><i>For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: the members must receive an order for LDCT lung</i></p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) (continued) cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with.</p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) (continued) LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits</p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs</p> <p>We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs (continued) these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.</p> <p>We also cover up to two individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs (continued) provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Services to treat kidney disease</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime 	<p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered kidney disease education services.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered dialysis services.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered kidney disease education services.</p> <p>40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered dialysis services.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Services to treat kidney disease (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible) • Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care) 	<p>No prior authorization required for kidney dialysis services.</p>	<p>No prior authorization required for kidney dialysis services.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Services to treat kidney disease (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments) • Home dialysis equipment and supplies • Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on 		<p>Renal dialysis treatment received at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area is covered at the in-network benefit level.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Services to treat kidney disease (continued)</p> <p>your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)</p> <p>Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, Medicare Part B prescription drugs.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, see Chapter 12 of this document. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called SNFs.)</p> <p>You are covered for 100 days per benefit period for Medicare-covered SNF stays.</p>	<p>Inpatient hospital stay is not required prior to admission.</p>	<p>Inpatient hospital stay is not required prior to admission.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued) The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services: A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one</p>	<p>For Medicare-covered SNF stays, you pay: \$0 copay per day for days 1-20; \$214 copay per day for days 21-100.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>	<p>For Medicare-covered SNF stays, you pay: 40% coinsurance per stay.</p> <p>Prior authorization required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued) benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary) • Meals, including special diets • Skilled nursing services • Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (this includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors) • Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells (as well as other components of blood) begins with the first pint of blood that you need. 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs • Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs • X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs • Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs 		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physician/Practitioner services <p>Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment.</p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care) • A SNF where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)</p> <p><u>If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease:</u> We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p><u>If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed</u></p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use) (continued) <u>with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco:</u> We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period, however, you will pay the applicable cost sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill</p> <p>Transportation services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The benefits mentioned are a part of a special supplemental program for the chronically ill. • Not all members qualify. • Non-emergency, non-medical transportation coverage is provided for routine transportation to medical appointments and medical facilities within the service area. 	<p>\$0 copay for unlimited transportation services to plan-approved locations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transportation is limited to medical appointments and medical facilities within the KelseyCare Advantage plan service area. 	<p>Not covered.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Our SSBCI transportation benefit is available to members with certain chronic health conditions that include ESRD, congestive heart failure (CHF), cancer and severe hematological disorders. These members can receive unlimited non-emergency transportation trips to their medical 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wheelchair-accessible vehicles need to be requested at least 24 hours in advance. • This benefit does not cover transportation by stretcher or ambulance (ALS or BLS). 	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill (continued)</p> <p>appointments for dialysis, CHF clinic, infusion chemotherapy, radiation therapy and coumadin clinic.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unlimited one-way trips to plan-approved health-related locations using other covered transportation modes including car, SUV, minivan and wheelchair accessible van. 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET) SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) and a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment.</p> <p>Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met.</p> <p>The SET program must:</p>	<p>\$25 copay for each Medicare-covered SET visit.</p> <p>Prior authorization is required.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered SET visit.</p> <p>Prior authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET) (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication • Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET) (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD • Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques 		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET) (continued) SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Transportation Services (routine) Non-emergency, non-medical transportation coverage is provided for routine transportation to medical appointments and medical facilities within the service area using other covered transportation modes including car, SUV, minivan and wheelchair accessible van.</p>	<p>\$0 copay for up to 10 one-way trips to plan approved locations every year. Transportation is limited to medical appointments and medical facilities within KelseyCare Advantage plan service area</p>	<p>Not covered.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
Transportation Services (routine) (continued)	Wheelchair-accessible vehicles need to be requested at least 24 hours in advance This benefit does not cover transportation by stretcher or ambulance (ALS or BLS).	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Urgently needed services</p> <p>A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that is not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or even if you are inside the service area of the plan, it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contracts. Your plan must cover</p>	<p>\$40 copay for each Medicare-covered visit.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Urgently needed services (continued) urgently needed services and only charge you in-network cost sharing. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan</p>		


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
Urgently needed services (continued) network is temporarily unavailable. Urgent care is covered within the U.S.		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Vision care Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts 	<p>Medicare-covered vision care \$35 copay for each Medicare-covered eye exam to diagnose and treat diseases and conditions of the eye. \$0 copay for 1 routine eye exam.</p>	<p>Medicare-covered vision care 40% coinsurance for each routine eye exam or Medicare-covered eye exam to diagnose and treat diseases and conditions of the eye.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Vision care (continued)</p> <p> For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African Americans who are age 50 and older, and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year 	<p>See “Medicare Part B prescription drugs” for coinsurance amounts if a Part B drug is given during the visit.</p> <p>\$0 copay for an annual glaucoma screening.</p>	<p>See “Medicare Part B prescription drugs” for coinsurance amounts if a Part B drug is given during the visit.</p> <p>40% coinsurance for an annual glaucoma screening.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Vision care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.) • Routine vision exam • Routine eyewear allowance 	<p>\$0 copay for one pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after cataract surgery. Coverage at 100% up to the Medicare-allowable amount.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for one pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after cataract surgery.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
Vision care (continued)	<p>*\$175 plan coverage limit for eyewear, glasses and/or contact lenses every year unrelated to post-cataract surgery. Allowance can only be used on one date of service.</p> <p>*Does not count toward the out-of-pocket maximum.</p>	Routine eyewear is not covered.

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Welcome to Medicare preventive visit The plan covers the one-time <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots (or vaccines)), and referrals for other care if needed.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit.</p>	<p>40% coinsurance for the <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p> Welcome to Medicare preventive visit (continued)</p> <p>Important: We cover the <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit.</p>		

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
<p>Worldwide emergency care services</p> <p>Benefit includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emergency care • Emergency/urgently needed care transportation services 	<p>20% coinsurance for each emergency care visit outside of the United States and its territories.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for each emergency/urgently needed care transportation service outside of the United States and its territories.</p> <p>The plan does not pay for transportation back to the United States and its territories after out-of-the-country emergency care. The plan will pay 80% of what Medicare</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	In-Network	Point-of-Service (POS)
Worldwide emergency care services (continued)	<p>would allow for the services if they had been obtained in the United States and its territories. There is no worldwide coverage for care outside of the emergency room, emergency transportation or emergency hospital admission.</p> <p>\$20,000 maximum plan coverage limit per lifetime.</p> <p>Prior authorization required for non-emergency Medicare services.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

**SECTION 3 What services are not covered by
the plan?**

Section 3.1 Services we do *not* cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are excluded from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered, and our plan will not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 9, Section 5.3 in this document.)

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Acupuncture		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Available for people with chronic low back pain under certain circumstances.
Cosmetic surgery or procedures		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member. • Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
<p>Custodial care Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.</p>	<p>Not covered under any condition</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
<p>Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment, and medications.</p> <p>Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan. <p>(See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.	Not covered under any condition	
Full-time nursing care in your home.	Not covered under any condition	
Home-delivered meals	Not covered under any condition	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.	Not covered under any condition	
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).	Not covered under any condition	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace. Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.	Not covered under any condition	
Private room in a hospital.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Covered only when medically necessary.

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.	Not covered under any condition	
Routine chiropractic care		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered.
Radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low vision aids.	Not covered under any condition	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings or dentures		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Some preventive dental services, such as cleanings and exams, may be covered. Other Major dental services may be covered.
Routine foot care		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Some limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines (e.g., if you have diabetes).

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered
and what you pay)**

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards	Not covered under any condition	

CHAPTER 5:

Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

SECTION 1 Introduction

This chapter **explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs**. Please see Chapter 4 for Medicare Part B drug benefits and hospice drug benefits.

Section 1.1 Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage

The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist, or other prescriber) write you a prescription which must be valid under applicable state law.
- Your prescriber must not be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2 in this chapter.) Or you can fill your prescription through the plan's mail-order service.
- Your drug must be on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* (we call it the Drug List for short). (See Section 3 in this chapter.)

Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A medically accepted indication is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain references. (See Section 3 in this chapter for more information about a medically accepted indication.)
- Your drug may require approval before we will cover it. (See Section 4 in this chapter for more information about restrictions on your coverage.)

SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service

Section 2.1 Use a network pharmacy

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered *only* if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term covered drugs means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are on the plan's Drug List.

Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

Section 2.2 Network pharmacies

How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your *Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website (www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com), and/or call Member Services.

You may go to any of our network pharmacies. Some of our network pharmacies provide preferred cost sharing, which may be lower than the cost sharing at a pharmacy that offers standard cost sharing. The *Pharmacy Directory* will tell you which of the network pharmacies offer preferred cost sharing. Contact us to find out more about how your out-of-pocket costs could vary for different drugs.

What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. Or if the pharmacy you have been using stays within the network but is no longer offering preferred cost sharing, you may want to switch to a different network

Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

or preferred pharmacy, if available. To find another pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Member Services or use the *Pharmacy Directory*. You can also find information on our website at www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com.

What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

Some prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a LTC facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Member Services.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special

Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your *Pharmacy Directory* www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com or call Member Services.

Section 2.3 Using the plan's mail-order service

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network mail-order service. Generally, the drugs provided through mail order are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order **up to a 90-day supply, or 100-day supply for drugs on Tier 6.**

Our pharmacy network includes mail order pharmacies that offer standard cost sharing and mail order pharmacies that offer preferred cost sharing.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail you can:

- Call 1-800-707-8194
- Sign in to www.Optumrx.com and request a refill by mail.

Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

- Visit www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com and print a mail order form.

Usually, a mail-order pharmacy order will be delivered to you in no more than 14 days. If you need assistance due to your mail-order prescription being delayed please call 1-800-707-8194 for live help from a customer service representative. If the mail-order pharmacy expects the order to be delayed, they will notify you of the delay. If you need to request a rush order because of a mail-order delay, you may contact customer service to discuss options which may include filling at a local retail pharmacy. Provide the representative with your ID number and prescription number(s).

New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor's office.

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it receives from health care providers, without checking with you first, if either:

- You used mail-order services with this plan in the past, or

Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

- You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions received directly from health care providers. You may request automatic delivery of all new prescriptions at any time by calling 1-800-707-8194 for live help from a customer service representative.

If you receive a prescription automatically by mail that you do not want, and you were not contacted to see if you wanted it before it shipped, you may be eligible for a refund.

If you used mail order in the past and do not want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, please contact us by calling 1-800-707-8194 fourteen (14) days before you think the drugs you have on hand will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

If you have never used our mail-order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to see if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately. It is important that you respond each time you are

Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know whether to ship, delay, or cancel the new prescription.

To opt out of automatic deliveries of new prescriptions received directly from your health care provider's office, please contact us by calling 1-800-707-8194.

Refills on mail-order prescriptions. For refills of your drugs, you have the option to sign up for an automatic refill program. Under this program we will start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug. The pharmacy will contact you prior to shipping each refill to make sure you need more medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough of your medication or if your medication has changed.

If you choose not to use our auto-refill program but still want the mail-order pharmacy to send you your prescription, please contact your pharmacy 14 days before your current prescription will run out. This will ensure your order is shipped to you in time.

To opt out of our program that automatically prepares mail-order refills, please contact us by calling

Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

1-800-707-8194 for live help from a customer service representative.

If you receive a refill automatically by mail that you do not want, you may be eligible for a refund.

Section 2.4 How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?

When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your cost sharing may be lower. The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply) of maintenance drugs on our plan's Drug List. (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.)

1. **Some retail pharmacies** in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs (which offer preferred cost sharing) at a lower cost-sharing amount at the mail-order cost-sharing amount. Other retail pharmacies may not agree to the lower cost-sharing amounts. In this case, you will be responsible for the difference in price. Other retail pharmacies may not agree to the mail-order cost-sharing amounts. In this case, you will be responsible for the difference in price. Your *Pharmacy Directory* tells you

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which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Member Services for more information.

2. You may also receive maintenance drugs through our mail-order program. Please see Section 2.3 for more information.

Section 2.5 When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?

Your prescription may be covered in certain situations

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy *only* when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. To help you, we have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. **Please check first with Member Services** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

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Here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

- The prescription is for a medical emergency or urgent care.
- You are unable to get a covered drug in a time of need because there are no 24-hour network pharmacies within a reasonable driving distance.
- The prescription is for a drug that is out-of-stock at an accessible network retail or mail service pharmacy (including high-cost and unique drugs).
- If you are evacuated or otherwise displaced from your home because of a Federal disaster or other public health emergency declaration.

Even if we do cover the drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy, you may still pay more than you would have paid if you had gone to an in-network pharmacy.

How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal cost share) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Chapter

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7, Section 2 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on the plan's Drug List

<h4>Section 3.1 The Drug List tells which Part D drugs are covered</h4>
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The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. In this *Evidence of Coverage*, **we call it the Drug List for short.**

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list meets Medicare's requirements and has been approved by Medicare.

The drugs on the Drug List are only those covered under Medicare Part D.

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the drug is used for a medically accepted

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indication. A medically accepted indication is a use of the drug that is *either*:

- Approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed, or
- Supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information System.

The Drug List includes brand name drugs, generic drugs, and biological products (which may include biosimilars).

A brand name drug is a prescription drug that is sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Biological products are drugs that are more complex than typical drugs. On the Drug List, when we refer to drugs, this could mean a drug or a biological product.

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A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Biological products have alternatives that are called biosimilars. Generally, generics and biosimilars work just as well as the brand name drug or original biological product and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs and biosimilar alternatives for some original biological products. Some biosimilars are interchangeable biosimilars and, depending on state law, may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription, just like generic drugs can be substituted for brand name drugs.

See Chapter 12 for definitions of the types of drugs that may be on the Drug List.

What is *not* on the Drug List?

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs. (For more information about this, see Section 7.1 in this chapter.)

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- In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on the Drug List. In some cases, you may be able to obtain a drug that is not on the Drug List. For more information, please see Chapter 9.

Section 3.2 There are 6 cost-sharing tiers for drugs on the Drug List

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

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Cost-sharing Tier	Drugs Included in Tier
Tier 1	Preferred Generic: Includes preferred generic drugs and some brand drugs. Generic drugs have the same active ingredient formula as a brand name drug. Generic drugs usually cost less than brand name drugs and are rated by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) to be safe and effective as brand name drugs. Not all generic drugs on the drug list (formulary) are included in this tier.
Tier 2	Generic: Includes generics that are high-cost generic drugs and/or generic drugs only available from one manufacturer, and some brand drugs.

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Tier 3	Preferred Brand: Includes preferred brand drugs and non-preferred generic drugs. You pay \$35 per month supply of each covered insulin product on this tier.
Tier 4	Non-Preferred Drug: Includes non-preferred brand and generic drugs. You pay \$35 per month supply of each covered insulin product on this tier.
Tier 5 (highest cost-sharing tier)	Specialty Tier: Is the highest tier and contains very high-cost brand and generic drugs that may require special handling and/or close monitoring. Specialty drugs may be brand or generic. You pay \$35 per month supply of each covered insulin product on this tier.

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Tier 6 (lowest cost-sharing tier)	Select Care Drugs: Is the lowest tier and contains select care generic drugs for treating conditions such as diabetes, high blood pressure, and high cholesterol.
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To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

The amount you pay for drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*).

Section 3.3 How can you find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List?

You have 4 ways to find out:

1. Check the most recent Drug List we provided electronically.
2. Visit the plan's website (www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
3. Call Member Services to find out if a particular drug is on the plan's Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list.

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4. Use the plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" (available through optumrx.com or by calling Member Services). With this tool you can search for drugs on the Drug List to see an estimate of what you will pay and if there are alternative drugs on the Drug List that could treat the same condition.

SECTION 4 There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs

Section 4.1 Why do some drugs have restrictions?

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to encourage you and your provider to use drugs in the most effective ways. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List.

If a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option.

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Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once on our Drug List. This is because the same drugs can differ based on the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider, and different restrictions or cost sharing may apply to the different versions of the drug (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

Section 4.2 What kinds of restrictions?

The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. Contact Member Services to learn what you or your provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9.)

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Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called **prior authorization**. This is put in place to ensure medication safety and help guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

Trying a different drug first

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but usually just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, the plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called **step therapy**.

Quantity limits

For certain drugs, we limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

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**SECTION 5 What if one of your drugs is not
covered in the way you'd like it to
be covered?**

**Section 5.1 There are things you can do if your drug
is not covered in the way you'd like it to
be covered**

There are situations where there is a prescription drug you are taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.
- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug, as explained in Section 4.
- The drug is covered, but it is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost sharing more expensive than you think it should be.
- There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you'd like it to be covered. If

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your drug is not on the Drug List or if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you can do.

- If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it should be, go to Section 5.3 to learn what you can do.

Section 5.2 What can you do if your drug is not on the Drug List or if the drug is restricted in some way?

If your drug is not on the Drug List or is restricted, here are options:

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can request an exception and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

You may be able to get a temporary supply

Under certain circumstances, the plan must provide a temporary supply of a drug that you are already taking. This temporary supply gives you time to talk with your provider about the change.

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To be eligible for a temporary supply, the drug you have been taking **must no longer be on the plan's Drug List OR is now restricted in some way.**

- **If you are a new member**, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first **90 days** of your membership in the plan.
- **If you were in the plan last year**, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of the calendar year.
- This temporary supply will be for a maximum of 30 days. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)
- **For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care facility and need a supply right away:**

We will cover one 31-day emergency supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply.

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- **For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and have a level of care change (e.g., transitioning from a SNF to a long-term care facility; going home from the hospital) and need a supply right away:**

We will cover a 30-day supply of medication. These types of changes often do not leave you enough time to determine if a new prescription contains a drug that is not on the plan "Drug List." In these unexpected situations, we will cover a temporary 30-day transition supply or a 31-day transition supply if you reside in a long-term care facility (unless you have a prescription written for fewer days).

For questions about a temporary supply, call Member Services.

During the time when you are using a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You have two options:

1) You can change to another drug

Talk with your provider about whether there is a different drug covered by the plan that may work just as well for

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you. You can call Member Services to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

2) You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug in the way you would like it covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan's Drug List. Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells you what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

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Section 5.3 What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high?

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

You can change to another drug

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, talk to your provider. There may be a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. Call Member Services to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the

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procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Drugs in our Tier 5 – Specialty Tier are not eligible for this type of exception. We do not lower the cost-sharing amount for drugs in this tier.

SECTION 6 What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?

Section 6.1 The Drug List can change during the year

Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan can make some changes to the Drug List. For example, the plan might:

- **Add or remove drugs from the Drug List.**
- **Move a drug to a higher or lower cost-sharing tier.**
- **Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug.**
- **Replace a brand name drug with a generic version of the drug.**

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- **Replace an original biological product with an interchangeable biosimilar version of the biological product.**

We must follow Medicare requirements before we change the plan's Drug List.

See Chapter 12 for definitions of the drug types discussed in this chapter.

<h3>Section 6.2 What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?</h3>

Information on changes to drug coverage

When changes to the Drug List occur, we post information on our website about those changes. We also update our online Drug List regularly. This section describes the types of changes we may make to the Drug List and when you will get direct notice if changes are made for a drug that you are taking.

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Changes we may make to the Drug List that affect you during the current plan year

- **Adding new drugs to the Drug List and immediately removing or making changes to a like drug on the Drug List.**
 - When adding a new version of a drug to the Drug List, we may immediately remove a like drug from the Drug List, move the like drug to a different cost-sharing tier, add new restrictions, or both. The new version of the drug will be on the same or a lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions.
 - We will make these immediate changes only if we are adding a new generic version of a brand name or adding certain new biosimilar versions of an original biological product that was already on the Drug List.
 - We may make these changes immediately and tell you later, even if you are taking the drug that we are removing or making changes to. If you are taking the like drug at the time we make the change, we will tell you about any specific change we made.

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- **Adding drugs to the Drug List and removing or making changes to a like drug on the Drug List with advance notice.**
 - When adding another version of a drug to the Drug List, we may remove a like drug from the Drug List, move it to a different cost-sharing tier, add new restrictions, or both. The version of the drug that we add will be on the same or a lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions.
 - We will make these changes only if we are adding a new generic version of a brand name drug or adding certain new biosimilar versions of an original biological product that was already on the Drug List.
 - We will tell you at least 30 days before we make the change, or tell you about the change and cover a 30-day fill of the version of the drug you are taking.
- **Removing unsafe drugs and other drugs on the Drug List that are withdrawn from the market.**
 - Sometimes a drug may be deemed unsafe or taken off the market for another reason. If this

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happens, we may immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. If you are taking that drug, we will tell you after we make the change.

Making other changes to drugs on the Drug List.

- We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For example, we may make changes based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare.
- We will tell you at least 30 days before we make these changes, or tell you about the change and cover an additional 30-day fill of the drug you are taking.

If we make any of these changes to any of the drugs you are taking, talk with your prescriber about the options that would work best for you, including changing to a different drug to treat your condition, or requesting a coverage decision to satisfy any new restrictions on the drug you are taking. You or your prescriber can ask us for an exception to continue covering the drug or version of the drug you have been taking. For more information on how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception, see Chapter 9.

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Changes to the Drug List that do not affect you during the current plan year

We may make certain changes to the Drug List that are not described above. In these cases, the change will not apply to you if you are taking the drug when the change is made; however, these changes will likely affect you starting January 1 of the next plan year if you stay in the same plan.

In general, changes that will not affect you during the current plan year are:

- We move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier.
- We put a new restriction on the use of your drug.
- We remove your drug from the Drug List.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (except for market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year.

We will not tell you about these types of changes directly during the current plan year. You will need to check the Drug List for the next plan year (when the list is available

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during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes to the drugs you are taking that will impact you during the next plan year.

SECTION 7 What types of drugs are *not* covered by the plan?

Section 7.1 Types of drugs we do not cover

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are excluded. This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself (except for certain excluded drugs covered under our enhanced drug coverage). If you appeal and the requested drug is found not to be excluded under Part D, we will pay for or cover it. (For information about appealing a decision, go to Chapter 9.)

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

- Our plan's Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.

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- Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States or its territories.
- Our plan cannot cover *off-label* use of a drug when the use is not supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information System. Off-label use is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.

In addition, by law, the following categories of drugs are not covered by Medicare drug plans: (Our plan covers certain drugs listed below through our enhanced drug coverage, for which you may be charged an additional premium. More information is provided below.)

- Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)
- Drugs used to promote fertility
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations

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- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale

We offer additional coverage of some prescription drugs (enhanced drug coverage) not normally covered in a Medicare prescription drug plan.

This includes coverage of the following drugs in the Tier 2 cost-sharing tier:

sildenafil 25 MG - QL 6/30
sildenafil 50 MG - QL 6/30
sildenafil 100 MG - QL 6/30
folic acid 1 MG - QL 30/30
ergocalciferol 1.25 MG
vitamin B12 1000 MCG/ML

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The amount you pay for these drugs does not count towards qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage. (The Catastrophic Coverage Stage is described in Chapter 6, Section 6 of this document.)

In addition, if you are **receiving “Extra Help” from Medicare** to pay for your prescriptions, the “Extra Help” program will not pay for the drugs not normally covered. (Please refer to the plan's Drug List or call Member Services for more information. Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) However, if you have drug coverage through Medicaid, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Please contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. (You can find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in Chapter 2, Section 6.)

SECTION 8 Filling a prescription

Section 8.1 Provide your membership information
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To fill your prescription, provide your plan membership information, which can be found on your membership

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card, at the network pharmacy you choose. The network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for *our* share of your drug cost. You will need to pay the pharmacy *your* share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

Section 8.2 What if you don't have your membership information with you?

If you don't have your plan membership information with you when you fill your prescription, you or the pharmacy can call the plan to get the necessary information, or you can ask the pharmacy to look up your plan enrollment information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, **you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up.** (You can then **ask us to reimburse you** for our share. See Chapter 7, Section 2 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

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**SECTION 9 Part D drug coverage in special
situations**

**Section 9.1 What if you're in a hospital or a skilled
nursing facility for a stay that is covered
by the plan?**

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your prescription drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage described in this Chapter.

**Section 9.2 What if you're a resident in a long-term
care (LTC) facility?**

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy or uses a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of an LTC facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy or the one it uses, as long as it is part of our network.

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Check your *Pharmacy Directory* at www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com to find out if your LTC facility's pharmacy or the one that it uses is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information or assistance, please contact Member Services. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies.

What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility and need a drug that is not on our Drug List or is restricted in some way?

Please refer to Section 5.2 about a temporary or emergency supply.

Section 9.3 What if you're also getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan?

If you currently have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. They can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

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In general, if you have employee or retiree group coverage, the drug coverage you get from us will be *secondary* to your group coverage. That means your group coverage would pay first.

Special note about creditable coverage:

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is creditable.

If the coverage from the group plan is creditable, it means that the plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.

Keep this notice about creditable coverage because you may need it later. If you enroll in a Medicare plan that includes Part D drug coverage, you may need these notices to show that you have maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get the creditable coverage notice, request a copy from your employer or retiree plan's benefits administrator or the employer or union.

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**Section 9.4 What if you're in Medicare-certified
hospice?**

Hospice and our plan do not cover the same drug at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., anti-nausea drugs, laxatives, pain medication or anti-anxiety drugs) that are not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving these drugs that should be covered by our plan, ask your hospice provider or prescriber to provide notification before your prescription is filled.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover your drugs as explained in this document. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge.

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**SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and
managing medications**

**Section 10.1 Programs to help members use drugs
safely**

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

- Possible medication errors
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another similar drug to treat the same condition
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
- Prescriptions for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to
- Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking

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- Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

Section 10.2 Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use their opioid medications

We have a program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several prescribers or pharmacies, or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your prescribers to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your prescribers, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications may not be safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. If we place you in our DMP, the limitations may be:

- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)

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- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain prescriber(s)
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we will cover for you

If we plan on limiting how you may get these medications or how much you can get, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we will limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific prescriber or pharmacy. You will have an opportunity to tell us which prescribers or pharmacies you prefer to use, and about any other information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we will send you another letter confirming the limitation. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our decision or with the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to appeal. If you appeal, we will review your case and give you a new decision. If we continue to deny any part of your request related to the limitations that apply to your access to medications, we will automatically send your case to an independent reviewer outside of our plan. See Chapter 9 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

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You will not be placed in our DMP if you have certain medical conditions, such as cancer-related pain or sickle cell disease, you are receiving hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

Section 10.3 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program to help members manage their medications

We have a program that can help our members with complex health needs. Our program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the program for us to help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

Some members who have certain chronic diseases and take medications that exceed a specific amount of drug costs or are in a DMP to help members use their opioids safely, may be able to get services through an MTM program. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. During the review, you can talk about your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-

Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary which has a recommended to-do list that includes steps you should take to get the best results from your medications. You'll also get a medication list that will include all the medications you're taking, how much you take, and when and why you take them. In addition, members in the MTM program will receive information on the safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to talk to your doctor about your recommended to-do list and medication list. Bring the summary with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list up to date and with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you. If you have any questions about this program, please contact Member Services.

CHAPTER 6:

What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this *Evidence of Coverage* about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We sent you a separate insert, called the *Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get “Extra Help” Paying for Prescription Drugs* (also known as the *Low-Income Subsidy Rider* or the *LIS Rider*), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don’t have this insert, please call Member Services, and ask for the *LIS Rider*.

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 Use this chapter together with other materials that explain your drug coverage

This chapter focuses on what you pay for Part D prescription drugs. To keep things simple, we use “drug” in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. As explained in Chapter 5, not all drugs are Part D drugs – some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law.

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

To understand the payment information, you need to know what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5, Sections 1 through 4 explain these rules. When you use the plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" to look up drug coverage (see Chapter 5, Section 3.3), the cost shown is provided in "real time," meaning the cost you see in the tool reflects a moment in time to provide an estimate of the out-of-pocket costs you are expected to pay. You can also obtain information provided by the "Real-Time Benefit Tool" by calling Member Services.

Section 1.2 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs

There are different types of out-of-pocket costs for Part D drugs. The amount that you pay for a drug is called **cost sharing** and there are three ways you may be asked to pay.

- **Deductible** is the amount you pay for drugs before our plan begins to pay its share.
- **Copayment** is a fixed amount you pay each time you fill a prescription.

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- **Coinsurance** is a percentage of the total cost you pay each time you fill a prescription.

Section 1.3 How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does *not* count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Here are the rules we must follow to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs.

These payments are included in your out-of-pocket costs

Your out-of-pocket costs include the payments listed below (as long as they are for Part D covered drugs, and you followed the rules for drug coverage that are explained in Chapter 5):

- The amount you pay for drugs when you are in the following drug payment stages:

The Deductible Stage

The Initial Coverage Stage

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

- Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare prescription drug plan before you joined our plan.

It matters who pays:

- If you make these payments **yourself**, they are included in your out-of-pocket costs.
- These payments are *also included* in your out-of-pocket costs if they are made on your behalf by **certain other individuals or organizations**. This includes payments for your drugs made by a friend or relative, by most charities, by AIDS drug assistance programs, by a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program that is qualified by Medicare, employer or union health plans, TRICARE, or by the Indian Health Service. Payments made by Medicare's "Extra Help" Program are also included.

Moving on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$2,000 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you will move from the Initial Coverage Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

These payments are not included in your out-of-pocket costs

Your out-of-pocket costs **do not include** any of these types of payments:

- Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories.
- Drugs that are not covered by our plan.
- Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that do not meet the plan's requirements for out-of-network coverage.
- Prescription drugs covered by Part A or Part B.
- Payments you make toward drugs covered under our additional coverage but not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.
- Payments you make toward prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by the Veterans Health Administration (VA).

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- Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, Workers' Compensation).
- Payments made by drug manufacturers under the Manufacturer Discount Program.

Reminder: If any other organization such as the ones listed above pays part or all of your out-of-pocket costs for drugs, you are required to tell our plan by calling Member Services.

How can you keep track of your out-of-pocket total?

- **We will help you.** The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (EOB) report you receive includes the current amount of your out-of-pocket costs. When this amount reaches \$2,000, this report will tell you that you have left the Initial Coverage Stage and have moved on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- **Make sure we have the information we need.** Section 3.2 tells what you can do to help make sure that our records of what you have spent are complete and up to date.

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

SECTION 2 What you pay for a drug depends on which drug payment stage you are in when you get the drug

Section 2.1 What are the drug payment stages for KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO- POS) members?

There are three **drug payment stages** for your prescription drug coverage under KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS). How much you pay depends on what stage you are in when you get a prescription filled or refilled. Details of each stage are in Sections 4 through 6 of this chapter. The stages are:

Stage 1: Yearly Deductible Stage

Stage 2: Initial Coverage Stage

Stage 3: Catastrophic Coverage Stage

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

SECTION 3 We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment stage you are in

Section 3.1 We send you a monthly summary called the *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (the Part D EOB)

Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next. In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

- We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your **Out-of-Pocket Costs**. This includes what you paid when you get a covered Part D drug, any payments for your drugs made by family or friends, and any payments made for your drugs by “Extra Help” from Medicare, employer or union health plans, TRICARE, Indian Health Service, AIDS drug assistance programs, charities, and most State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs (SPAPs).

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

- We keep track of your **Total Drug Costs**. This is the total of all payments made for your covered Part D drugs. It includes what the plan paid, what you paid, and what other programs or organizations paid for your covered Part D drugs.

If you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month, we will send you a Part D EOB. The Part D EOB includes:

- **Information for that month.** This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others on your behalf paid.
- **Totals for the year since January 1.** This is called year-to-date information. It shows the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- **Drug price information.** This information will display the total drug price, and information about increases in price from first fill for each prescription claim of the same quantity.

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- **Available lower cost alternative prescriptions.** This will include information about other available drugs with lower cost sharing for each prescription claim, if applicable.

Section 3.2 Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

- **Show your membership card every time you get a prescription filled.** This helps us make sure we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying.
- **Make sure we have the information we need.** There are times you may pay for the entire cost of a prescription drug. In these cases, we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, give us copies of

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your receipts. **Here are examples of when you should give us copies of your drug receipts:**

When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan's benefit.

When you made a copayment for drugs that are provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.

Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.

If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 7, Section 2.

- **Send us information about the payments others have made for you.** Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs. For example, payments made by a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program, an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.

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- **Check the written report we send you.** When you receive the *Part D EOB*, look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If you think something is missing or you have any questions, please call us at Member Services. The report is also available electronically at www.optumrx.com. Be sure to keep these reports.

SECTION 4 During the Deductible Stage, you pay the full cost of your Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs

The Deductible Stage is the first payment stage for your drug coverage. The deductible doesn't apply to covered insulin products and most adult Part D vaccines, including shingles, tetanus and travel vaccines. You will pay a yearly deductible of \$200 on Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs. **You must pay the full cost of your Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs** until you reach the plan's deductible amount. For all other drugs, you will not have to pay any deductible. The **full cost** is usually lower than the normal full price of the drug since our plan has negotiated lower costs for most drugs at network pharmacies.

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Once you have paid \$200 for your Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs, you leave the Deductible Stage and move on to the Initial Coverage Stage.

SECTION 5 During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs, and you pay your share

<h4>Section 5.1 What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription</h4>
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During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment or coinsurance amount). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

The plan has 6 cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug:

**Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription
drugs**

Cost-sharing Tier	Drugs Included in Tier
Tier 1	Preferred Generic: Includes preferred generic drugs and some brand drugs. Generic drugs have the same active ingredient formula as a brand name drug. Generic drugs usually cost less than brand name drugs and are rated by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) to be safe and effective as brand name drugs. Not all generic drugs on the drug list (formulary) are included in this tier.
Tier 2	Generic: Includes generics that are high-cost generic drugs and/or generic drugs only available from one manufacturer, and some brand drugs.

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Tier 3	Preferred Brand: includes preferred brand drugs and non-preferred generic drugs. You pay \$35 per month supply of each covered insulin product on this tier.
Tier 4	Non-Preferred Drug: includes non-preferred brand and generic drugs. You pay \$35 per month supply of each covered insulin product on this tier.
Tier 5 (highest cost-sharing tier)	Specialty Tier: is the highest tier and contains very high-cost brand and generic drugs that may require special handling and/or close monitoring. Specialty drugs may be brand or generic. You pay \$35 per month supply of each covered insulin product on this tier.

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Tier 6 (lowest cost-sharing tier)	Select Care Drugs: is the lowest tier and contains select care generic drugs for treating conditions such as diabetes, high blood pressure, and high cholesterol.
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To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- A network retail pharmacy that offers standard cost sharing. Costs may be less at pharmacies that offer preferred cost sharing.
- A network retail pharmacy that offers preferred cost sharing.
- A pharmacy that is not in the plan's network. We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to find out when we will cover a prescription filled at an out-of-network pharmacy.

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

- The plan's mail-order pharmacy.

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, see Chapter 5 and the plan's *Pharmacy Directory at www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com*.

<p>Section 5.2 A table that shows your costs for a <i>one-month</i> supply of a drug</p>

During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance.

As shown in the table below, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on the cost-sharing tier.

Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

Your share of the cost when you get a *one-month* supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:

**Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription
drugs**

Tier	Standard retail cost sharing and mail (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Preferred retail and mail-order cost sharing (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31-day supply)	Out-of-network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; see Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply)
Cost-Sharing Tier 1 (Preferred Generic)	\$7 copay	\$0 copay	\$7 copay	\$7 copay
Cost-Sharing Tier 2 (Generic)	\$15 copay	\$5 copay	\$15 copay	\$15 copay

**Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription
drugs**

Tier	Standard retail cost sharing and mail (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Preferred retail and mail-order cost sharing (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31-day supply)	Out-of-network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; see Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply)
Cost-Sharing Tier 3 (Preferred Brand)	\$47 copay	\$40 copay	\$47 copay	\$47 copay
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 (Non-Preferred Drug)	40% coinsurance	40% coinsurance	40% coinsurance	40% coinsurance

**Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription
drugs**

Tier	Standard retail cost sharing and mail (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Preferred retail and mail-order cost sharing (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31-day supply)	Out-of-network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; see Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply)
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 (Specialty Tier)	30% coinsurance	30% coinsurance	30% coinsurance	30% coinsurance
Cost-Sharing Tier 6 (Select Care Drugs)	\$0 copay	\$0 copay	\$0 copay	\$0 copay

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

You won't pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier, even if you haven't paid your deductible.

Please see Section 7 of this chapter for more information on cost sharing for Part D vaccines.

Section 5.3 If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply

Typically, the amount you pay for a prescription drug covers a full month's supply. There may be times when you or your doctor would like you to have less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a medication for the first time). You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month's supply of your drugs, if this will help you better plan refill dates for different prescriptions.

If you receive less than a full month's supply of certain drugs, you will not have to pay for the full month's supply.

- If you are responsible for coinsurance, you pay a percentage of the total cost of the drug. Since the coinsurance is based on the total cost of the drug,

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

your cost will be lower since the total cost for the drug will be lower.

- If you are responsible for a copayment for the drug, you will only pay for the number of days of the drug that you receive instead of a whole month. We will calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the daily cost-sharing rate) and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you receive.

Section 5.4 A table that shows your costs for a *long-term* (up to a 90-day or 100-day) supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply). A long-term supply is up to a 90-day supply for drugs in Tier 1, 2, 3 and 4. A long-term supply is up to a 100-day supply for drugs in Tier 6.

The table below shows what you pay when you get a long-term supply of a drug.

- Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

**Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription
drugs**

**Your share of the cost when you get a *long-term*
supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:**

Tier	Standard retail and mail-order cost sharing (in- network) (90-day supply)	Preferred retail and mail-order cost sharing (in- network) (90-day supply)
Cost- Sharing Tier 1 (Preferred Generic)	\$21 copay	\$0 copay
Cost- Sharing Tier 2 (Generic)	\$45 copay	\$12.50 copay
Cost- Sharing Tier 3 (Preferred Brand)	\$141 copay	\$100 copay

**Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription
drugs**

Tier	Standard retail and mail-order cost sharing (in-network) (90-day supply)	Preferred retail and mail-order cost sharing (in-network) (90-day supply)
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 (Non-Preferred Drug)	40% coinsurance	40% coinsurance
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 (Specialty Tier)	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 5.	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 5.

**Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription
drugs**

Tier	Standard retail and mail-order cost sharing (in- network) (90-day supply)	Preferred retail and mail-order cost sharing (in- network) (90-day supply)
Cost- Sharing Tier 6 (Select Care Drugs) Up to 100- day supply	\$0 copay	\$0 copay

You won't pay more than \$70 for up to a two-month supply or \$105 (\$87.50 if purchased at a preferred retail or through preferred mail-order) for up to a three-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier, even if you haven't paid your deductible.

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Section 5.5 You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your out-of-pocket costs for the year reach \$2,000

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total out-of-pocket costs reach \$2,000. You then move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

We offer additional coverage on some prescription drugs that are not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan. Payments made for these drugs will not count towards your total out-of-pocket costs.

The *Part D EOB* that you receive will help you keep track of how much you, the plan, and any third parties have spent on your behalf during the year. Not all members will reach the \$2,000 out-of-pocket limit in a year.

We will let you know if you reach this amount. If you do reach this amount, you will leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage. See Section 1.3 on how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

SECTION 6 During the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you pay nothing for your covered Part D drugs

You enter the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs have reached the \$2,000 limit for the calendar year. Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

- During this payment stage, you pay nothing for your covered Part D drugs.
- For excluded drugs covered under our enhanced benefit, you continue paying your Initial Coverage Stage cost-share.

SECTION 7 Part D Vaccines. What you pay for depends on how and where you get them

Important Message About What You Pay for Vaccines

- Some vaccines are considered medical benefits and are covered under Part B. Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan's

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Drug List. Our plan covers most adult Part D vaccines at no cost to you, even if you haven't paid your deductible. Refer to your plan's Drug List or contact Member Services for coverage and cost-sharing details about specific vaccines.

There are two parts to our coverage of Part D vaccinations:

- The first part of coverage is the cost of **the vaccine itself**.
- The second part of coverage is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. (This is sometimes called the administration of the vaccine.)

Your costs for a Part D vaccination depend on three things:

1. Whether the vaccine is recommended for adults by an organization called the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP).

- Most adult Part D vaccinations are recommended by ACIP and cost you nothing.

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

2. Where you get the vaccine.

- The vaccine itself may be dispensed by a pharmacy or provided by the doctor's office.

3. Who gives you the vaccine.

- A pharmacist or another provider may give the vaccine in the pharmacy. Alternatively, a provider may give it in the doctor's office.

What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccination can vary depending on the circumstances and what **drug payment stage** you are in.

- Sometimes when you get a vaccination, you have to pay for the entire cost for both the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give you the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost. For most adult Part D vaccines, this means you will be reimbursed the entire cost you paid.
- Other times, when you get a vaccination, you will pay only your share of the cost under your Part D benefit. For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing.

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Below are three examples of ways you might get a Part D vaccine.

Situation 1: You get the Part D vaccination at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states do not allow pharmacies to give certain vaccines.)

- For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing.
- For other Part D vaccines, you will pay the pharmacy your coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine itself which includes the cost of giving you the vaccine.
- Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.

Situation 2: You get the Part D vaccination at your doctor's office.

- When you get the vaccine, you may have to pay for the entire cost of the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give it to you.

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures that are described in Chapter 7.
- For most adult Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the amount you paid less any coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine (including administration).

Situation 3: You buy the Part D vaccine itself at the network pharmacy, and then take it to your doctor's office where they give you the vaccine.

- For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing for the vaccine itself.
- For other Part D vaccines, you will pay the pharmacy your coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine itself.
- When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you may have to pay the entire cost for this service.

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7.
- For most adult Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the amount you paid less any coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine administration.
- and, less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get “Extra Help,” we will reimburse you for this difference.)

CHAPTER 7:

*Asking us to pay our share of
a bill you have received for
covered medical services or
drugs*

**Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you
have received for covered medical services or
drugs**

**SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask
us to pay our share of the cost of
your covered services or drugs**

Sometimes when you get medical care or a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan, or you may receive a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called reimbursing you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received or possibly for more than your share of cost sharing as discussed in this document. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider

Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost sharing. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1. When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

Outside the service area, you can receive emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. In these cases,

- You are only responsible for paying your share of the cost for emergency or urgently needed services. Emergency providers are legally required to provide emergency care. If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.

Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.

If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.

If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called balance billing. This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges

Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out of pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to

Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Remember that we only cover out-of-network pharmacies in limited circumstances. See Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for a discussion of these circumstances. We may not pay you back the difference between what you paid for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the amount that we would pay at an in-network pharmacy.

5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have your plan membership card with you

If you do not have your plan membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information. However, if the

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pharmacy cannot get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

- For example, the drug may not be on the plan's "Drug List" or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for our share of the cost. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the

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cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

7. When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a free-standing emergency room facility.

Free-standing emergency room facilities, not owned by any of the local hospital chains, cannot refuse to provide you emergency care; however, they may not be licensed by Medicare. Therefore, these facilities are not required to accept Medicare payment rates. This means that both the facility and the treating physician can bill you more than Medicare, which could create higher out-of-pocket costs for you. If you seek emergency care at one of those facilities, you should ask them if they accept Medicare payment rates.

- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time of service, you need to ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made. The plan will pay 100% of Medicare rates less the emergency room copayment.
- Because these facilities are not licensed by Medicare, we cannot prevent them from billing you

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for more than Medicare, nor can we prevent you from having to pay higher out-of-pocket costs.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 of this document has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. **You must submit your claim to us within 12 months** of the date you received the service, item, or Part B drug. For Part D drugs, **you must submit your claim to us within 36 months** of the date you received the drug.

**Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you
have received for covered medical services or
drugs**

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

For Medical

Claims:

KelseyCare
Advantage
ATTN: Member
Services
P.O. Box 841569
Pearland, TX
77584-9832

For Part D Drug

Claims:

Optum Rx Claims
Department
P.O. Box 650287
Dallas, TX
75265-0287

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

<h3>Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how much we owe</h3>

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost. Our share of the cost might not be the full amount you paid (for example, if you obtained a drug at an out-of-network pharmacy or if the cash price you paid for a drug is higher than our negotiated price). If you have already paid for the service or drug, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.
- If we decide that the medical care or drug is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. We will send you a letter

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have received for covered medical services or
drugs**

explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your right to appeal that decision.

**Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or
part of the medical care or drug, you can
make an appeal**

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9 of this document.

CHAPTER 8:
*Your rights and
responsibilities*

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

**SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights
and cultural sensitivities as a
member of the plan**

**Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way
that works for you and consistent with
your cultural sensitivities (in languages
other than English, in braille, in large
print, or other alternate formats, etc.)**

Your plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to: provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. This document is available for free in Spanish. We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in the plan's network for a specialty are not available, it is the plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you will only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan's network that cover a service you need, call the plan for information on where to go to obtain this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, seeing a women's health specialists or finding a network specialist, please call to file a grievance with Member Services at 713-442-CARE (2273) or toll-free at 1-866-535- 8343. (TTY users should call 711.) Hours are 8:00

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used on weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Section 1.1 Debemos proporcionarle información de una manera que sea conveniente para usted y coherente con sus sensibilidades culturales (en otros idiomas que no sean el inglés, en braille, en tamaño de letra grande, en otros formatos alternativos, etc.)

Su plan tiene la obligación de garantizar que todos los servicios, tanto clínicos como no clínicos, se presten de forma culturalmente competente y sean accesibles para todos los miembros, incluidos los que tienen un dominio limitado del inglés, una capacidad limitada de lectura, una incapacidad auditiva o un origen cultural y étnico diverso. Algunos ejemplos de cómo un plan puede cumplir estos requisitos de accesibilidad incluyen, entre otros, la prestación de servicios de traducción, servicios de

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

intérprete, teletipos o conexión TTY (teléfono de texto o teletipo).

Nuestro plan cuenta con servicios de interpretación gratuitos disponibles para responder a las preguntas de los miembros que no hablan inglés. También podemos proporcionarle información en braille, en tamaño de letra grande o en otros formatos alternativos, sin costo alguno, si lo necesita. Debemos proporcionarle información sobre los beneficios del plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted. Para obtener información sobre nosotros de una manera que sea conveniente para usted, llame a Servicios para los miembros.

Nuestro plan tiene la obligación de ofrecer a las mujeres inscritas la opción de acceder directamente a un especialista en salud de las mujeres dentro de la red para servicios de atención médica preventivos y de rutina.

Si los proveedores de una especialidad determinada no se encuentran disponibles en la red del plan, es responsabilidad del plan localizar proveedores de la especialidad fuera de la red que le proporcionen la atención necesaria. En este caso, solo pagará los costos compartidos dentro de la red. Si se encuentra en una situación en la que no hay especialistas en la red del plan

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que cubran un servicio que usted necesita, comuníquese con el plan para que le informen sobre dónde acudir para obtener este servicio con un costo compartido dentro de la red.

Si tiene alguna dificultad para obtener información sobre nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted, consultar con un especialista en salud de las mujeres o encontrar un especialista dentro de la red, llámenos para presentar un reclamo ante Servicios para los miembros al 713-442-CARE (2273) o gratis al 1-866-535-8343. (Los usuarios de TTY deben llamar al 711). El horario de atención es de 8:00 a.m. a 8:00 p.m., hora local, los siete días a la semana, desde el 1 de octubre hasta el 31 de marzo. Desde el 1 de abril hasta el 30 de septiembre, el horario de atención es de lunes a viernes, de 8:00 a.m. a 8:00 p.m., hora local. Servicios de mensajería utilizados los fines de semana, fuera de horario y en días festivos federales. También puede presentar una queja ante Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1- 800-633-4227) o directamente ante la Oficina de Derechos Civiles (Office for Civil Rights) al 1-800-368-1019 o al TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

Section 1.2 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs

You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services. We do not require you to get referrals to go to network providers.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 9 tells what you can do.

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your personal health information includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a **Notice of Privacy Practice**, that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, *we are required to get written permission from you or*

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.

- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.

We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care. Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held by the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Member Services.

<p>Section 1.4 We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services</p>
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As a member of KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS), you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Member Services:

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition.
- **Information about our network providers and pharmacies.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.** Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services. Chapters 5 and 6 provide information about Part D prescription drug coverage.
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.** Chapter 9 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service or Part D drug is not covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 9 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.

<p>Section 1.5 We must support your right to make decisions about your care</p>
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You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand.*

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all of your choices.** You have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.
- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- **The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance of these situations are called **advance directives**. There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

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If you want to use an advance directive to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare.
- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital.**

- The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.

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- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with:

Texas Health and Human Services
Complaint and Incident Intake
P.O. Box 149030, MC E249
Austin, TX 78714-9030.

**Section 1.6 You have the right to make complaints
and to ask us to reconsider decisions we
have made**

If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 9

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – **we are required to treat you fairly.**

Section 1.7 What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?

If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and* it's *not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can **call Member Services.**

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- You can **call the SHIP**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 1.8 How to get more information about your rights

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can **call Member Services**.
- You can **call the SHIP**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact **Medicare**.

You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare Rights & Protections*. (The publication is available at:

www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.)

Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

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SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Member Services.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this *Evidence of Coverage* to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.

Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.

Chapters 5 and 6 give the details about your Part D prescription drug coverage.

- **If you have any other health insurance coverage or prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us.** Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.

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- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**

To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.

Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.

If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.

- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - You must continue to pay a premium for your Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.
 - For most of your medical services or drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug.

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

- If you are required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.
- If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must continue to pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.
- **If you move *within* our plan service area, we need to know** so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- **If you move *outside* of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.**
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

CHAPTER 9:

*What to do if you have a
problem
or complaint (coverage
decisions, appeals,
complaints)*

Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

SECTION 1 Introduction

<h4>Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern</h4>

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**; also called grievances.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

<h4>Section 1.2 What about the legal terms?</h4>

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of

Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand. To make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says, making a complaint rather than filing a grievance, coverage decision rather than organization determination, or coverage determination or at-risk determination, and independent review organization instead of Independent Review Entity.
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

**Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or
complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

**SECTION 2 Where to get more information and
personalized assistance**

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to customer service for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this document.

Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Medicare

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can also visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B prescription

**Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or
complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

drugs) are covered or not, the way they are covered,
and problems related to payment for medical care.

Yes.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 4, A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.**

No.

Skip ahead to **Section 10** at the end of this chapter: **How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.**

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complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

**SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage
decisions and appeals**

**Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and
making appeals: the big picture**

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items and Part B prescription drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services and Medicare Part B prescription drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

**Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving
benefits**

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical care. For example, if your plan network

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doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either your network doctor can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the *Evidence of Coverage* makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical care before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

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We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide the medical care is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a benefit is received, and you are not satisfied, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision.

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In limited circumstances a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization that is not connected to us.

- You do not need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we do not fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.
- See **Section 5.4** of this chapter for more information about Level 2 appeals for medical care.
- Part D appeals are discussed further in Section 6 of this chapter.

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If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 9 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

Section 4.2 How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal

Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- **You can call us at Member Services.**
- **You can get free help** from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program.
- **Your doctor can make a request for you.** If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed as your representative. Please call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf or on our website at www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com.)

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- For medical care or Part B prescription drugs, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
- For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your Level 1 appeal is denied your doctor or prescriber can request a Level 2 appeal.
- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your representative to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
- If you want a friend, relative, or other person to be your representative, call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf or on our website at www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would

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like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

- While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form before our deadline for making a decision on your appeal, your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer.** You may contact your own lawyer or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, **you are not required to hire a lawyer** to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

<p>Section 4.3 Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?</p>

There are four different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different

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rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 5** of this chapter: Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
- **Section 6** of this chapter: Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
- **Section 7** of this chapter: How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon
- **Section 8** of this chapter: How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon (*Applies only to these services*: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Member Services. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your SHIP.

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complaints)**

**SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a
coverage decision or make an
appeal of a coverage decision**

**Section 5.1 This section tells what to do if you have
problems getting coverage for medical
care or if you want us to pay you back for
our share of the cost of your care**

This section is about your benefits for medical care. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**

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2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
3. You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**
4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 5.5.**
5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**

Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need

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to read Sections 7 and 8 of this Chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

**Section 5.2 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage
decision**

Legal Terms

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an **organization determination**.

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited determination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 14 calendar days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B

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drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You may *only ask* for coverage for medical items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services already received).
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.
- **If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**
- **If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:**
 - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
 - Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.

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- Explains that you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions we use the standard deadlines.

This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request **for a medical item or service.** If your request is for a **Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we will give you an answer **within 72 hours** after we receive your request.

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- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. We will give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

For fast coverage decisions we use an expedited timeframe

A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.

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- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days**. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. (See Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

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complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

**Section 5.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1
appeal**

Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan **reconsideration**.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited reconsideration**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 30 calendar days or 7 calendar days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a fast appeal. If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast appeal, we will give you a fast appeal.

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- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 5.2 of this chapter.

Step 2: Ask our plan for an appeal or a fast appeal.

- **If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

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- **You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.**

Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if needed, possibly contacting you or your doctor.

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
- However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will

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tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

- If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.

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Deadlines for a standard appeal

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have not yet received, we will give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
- However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (See Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

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- If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or **within 7 calendar days** if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- **If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal**, we will automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

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complaints)**

**Section 5.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is
done**

Legal Term

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity**. It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

The **independent review organization** is an **independent organization hired by Medicare**. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your **case file**. **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.**

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- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you will also have a fast appeal at Level 2

- For the fast appeal, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

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If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you will also have a standard appeal at Level 2

- For the standard appeal if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

Step 2: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

The independent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

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- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service**, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 72 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug within **72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization for **standard requests**. For **expedited requests** we have **24 hours** from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- **If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal**, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called **upholding the decision** or **turning down your appeal**.) In this

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case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:

- Explaining its decision.
- Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
- Telling you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter explains the Levels 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

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complaints)**

**Section 5.5 What if you are asking us to pay you for
our share of a bill you have received for
medical care?**

Chapter 7 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

**Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage
decision from us**

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is covered. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- **If we say yes to your request:** If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost typically within 30 calendar days, but no later than 60 calendar days after we receive your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we will send the payment directly to the provider.

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- **If we say no to your request:** If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3. For appeals concerning reimbursement, please note:

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals

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process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 6 Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

<p>Section 6.1 This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug</p>

Your benefits include coverage for many prescription drugs. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (See Chapter 5 for more information about a medically accepted indication.) For details about Part D drugs, rules, restrictions, and costs please see Chapters 5 and 6. **This section is about your Part D drugs only.** To keep things simple, we generally say *drug* in the rest of this section, instead of repeating *covered outpatient prescription drug* or *Part D drug* every time. We also use the term Drug List instead of *List of Covered Drugs* or *Formulary*.

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- If you do not know if a drug is covered or if you meet the rules, you can ask us. Some drugs require that you get approval from us before we will cover it.
- If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, the pharmacy will give you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

Part D coverage decisions and appeals

Legal Term
An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a coverage determination .

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs. This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the following situations:

- Asking to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs*. **Ask for an exception.**

Section 6.2

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- Asking to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get, prior authorization, or the requirement to try another drug first). **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier. **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to get pre-approval for a drug. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 6.4**
- Pay for a prescription drug you already bought. **Ask us to pay you back. Section 6.4**

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal.

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complaints)**

Section 6.2 What is an exception?

Legal Terms

Asking for coverage of a drug that is not on the Drug List is sometimes called asking for a **formulary exception**.

Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes called asking for a **formulary exception**.

Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is sometimes called asking for a **tiering exception**.

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an **exception**. An exception is a type of coverage decision.

For us to consider your exception request, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. Here are three examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

1. Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our Drug List. If we agree to cover a drug not on the Drug List, you will need to pay the cost-sharing amount that

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applies to drugs in Tier 4 (Non-Preferred Drug). You cannot ask for an exception to the cost-sharing amount we require you to pay for the drug.

2. Removing a restriction for a covered drug. Chapter 5 describes the extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our Drug List. If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the cost-sharing amount we require you to pay for the drug.

3. Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier. Every drug on our Drug List is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less you will pay as your share of the cost of the drug.

- If our Drug List contains alternative drug(s) for treating your medical condition that are in a lower cost-sharing tier than your drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the alternative drug(s).
- If the drug you're taking is a biological product, you can ask us to cover your drug at a lower cost-sharing

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amount. This would be the lowest tier that contains biological product alternatives for treating your condition.

- If the drug you're taking is a brand name drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains brand name alternatives for treating your condition.
- If the drug you're taking is a generic drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains either brand or generic alternatives for treating your condition.
- You cannot ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in Tier 5 (Specialty Tier).
- If we approve your tiering exception request and there is more than one lower cost-sharing tier with alternative drugs you can't take, you will usually pay the lowest amount.

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complaints)**

**Section 6.3 Important things to know about asking for
exceptions**

Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called **alternative** drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower cost-sharing tier(s) won't work as well for you or are likely to cause an adverse reaction or other harm.

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We can say yes or no to your request

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say no to your request, you can ask for another review by making an appeal.

Section 6.4 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception

Legal Term

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited coverage determination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

Standard coverage decisions are made within **72 hours** after we receive your doctor's statement. **Fast coverage decisions** are made within **24 hours** after we receive your doctor's statement.

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If your health requires it, ask us to give you a fast coverage decision. To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You must be asking for a drug you have not yet received. (You cannot ask for fast coverage decision to be paid back for a drug you have already bought.)
- Using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- **If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.**
- **If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor or prescriber's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.** If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
 - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
 - Explains if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.

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- Tells you how you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. We will answer your complaint within 24 hours of receipt.

Step 2: Request a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form* or on our plan's form, which are available on our website at www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com. Chapter 2 has contact information. You or your doctor or someone else who is acting on your behalf can submit a secured electronic coverage determination request available on our website. To assist us in processing your request, please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information identifying which denied claim is being appealed.

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You, your doctor (or other prescriber), or your representative can do this. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf. Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.

- **If you are requesting an exception, provide the supporting statement** which is the medical reasons for the exception. Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary.

Step 3: We consider your request and give you our answer.

Deadlines for a fast coverage decision

- We must generally give you our answer **within 24 hours** after we receive your request.
- For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.

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- If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you have not yet received

- We must generally give you our answer **within 72 hours** after we receive your request.
- For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.

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If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must **provide the coverage** we have agreed to provide **within 72 hours** after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.
- If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.

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- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we are also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Step 4: If we say no to your coverage request, you can make an appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the drug coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going to Level 1 of the appeals process.

**Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or
complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

**Section 6.5 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1
appeal**

Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan **redetermination**.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited redetermination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 7 calendar days. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours. If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a fast appeal.

Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 6.4 of this chapter.

Step 2: You, your representative, doctor, or other prescriber must contact us and make your Level 1 appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a **fast appeal**.

- **For standard appeals, submit a written request or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **For fast appeals either submit your appeal in writing or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **We must accept any written request**, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Redetermination Request Form*, which is available on our website. Please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information regarding your claim to assist us in processing your request.
- **You or your doctor or someone else who is acting on your behalf** can submit a secured electronic coverage determination request available on our website.

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- **You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- **You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information.** You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.

Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your

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request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
- If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

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Deadlines for a standard appeal for a drug you have not yet received

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so.
- If we do not give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must provide the coverage as quickly as your health requires, but no later than **7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

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Deadlines for a standard appeal about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.
- If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we are also required to make payment to you within **30 calendar days** after we receive your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Step 4: If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make *another* appeal.

- If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

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complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

**Section 6.6 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2
appeal**

Legal Term

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity**. It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: You (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the independent review organization and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say no to your Level 1 appeal, the written notice we send you will include **instructions on how to make a Level 2 appeal** with the independent review organization. These instructions will tell who can

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make this Level 2 appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization. If, however, we did not complete our review within the applicable timeframe, or make an unfavorable decision regarding **at-risk** determination under our drug management program, we will automatically forward your claim to the IRE.

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your **case file**. **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.**
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.

Step 2: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

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Deadlines for fast appeal

- If your health requires it, ask the independent review organization for a fast appeal.
- If the organization agrees to give you a fast appeal, the organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** after it receives your appeal request.

Deadlines for standard appeal

- For standard appeals, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you have not yet received. If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 14 calendar days** after it receives your request.

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Step 3: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

For fast appeals:

- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization **within 24 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization.

For standard appeals:

- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request for coverage,** we must **provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the review organization **within 72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization.
- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request to pay you back** for a drug you already bought, we are required to **send payment to you within 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision from the review organization.

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What if the review organization says no to your appeal?

If this organization says no to **part or all of** your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request (or part of your request). (This is called **upholding the decision**. It is also called **turning down your appeal**.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:

- Explaining its decision.
- Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting meets a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final.
- Telling you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

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Step 4: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 7 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

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During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **discharge date**.
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay, and your request will be considered.

<p>Section 7.1 During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights</p>

Within two calendar days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you do not get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Member Services or 1- 800-

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complaints)**

MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you:

- Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
- Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
- Where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
- Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.

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2. You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.

3. Keep your copy of the notice handy so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.

- If you sign the notice more than two calendar days before your discharge date, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.

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- To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Member Services or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see the notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Section 7.2 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance

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Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

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Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge.**

If you meet this deadline, you may stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without paying for it* while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.

If you do *not* meet this deadline, contact us. If you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.

Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted, we will give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge**. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

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You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling Member Services or 1- 800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1- 877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at

www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the

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hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says yes, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says *no*, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the

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day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If the Quality Improvement Organization has said *no* to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to **Level 2** of the appeals process.

Section 7.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns

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down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

If the review organization says yes:

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the

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day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**

- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the review organization says no:

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal. This is called upholding the decision.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.

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- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 8 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

Section 8.1 *This section is only about three services: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services*

When you are getting covered **home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility)**, you have the right to keep getting your services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in

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advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.*

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision.** This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 8.2 We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

Legal Term

Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage. It tells you how you can request a **fast-track appeal.** Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

1. You receive a notice in writing at least two calendar days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:

- The date when we will stop covering the care for you.
- How to request a fast track appeal to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.

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2. You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it. Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does not mean you agree** with the plan's decision to stop care.

Section 8.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

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During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts are not part of our plan.

Step 1: Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a *fast-track appeal*. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

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Act quickly:

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal **by noon of the day before the effective date** on the *Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*.
- If you miss a deadline, and you wish to file an appeal, you still have appeal rights. Contact your Quality Improvement Organization.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

Legal Term
Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage. Notice that provides details on reasons for ending coverage.

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the reviewers) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.

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- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get the **Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage** from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.

What happens if the reviewers say yes?

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

What happens if the reviewers say no?

- If the reviewers say *no*, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you.**

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- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

Section 8.4 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility

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(CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

What happens if the review organization says yes?

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said

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your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.

- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

What happens if the review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.

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- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 9 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

<h4>Section 9.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medical Service Requests</h4>

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

**Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or
complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

Level 3 appeal An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.** Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
- If we decide *not* to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
- If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.

Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**
- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal The Medicare Appeals Council

(Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.** Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you.

Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.

- If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
- If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- **If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**
- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Level 5 appeal A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

Section 9.2 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Part D Drug Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

**Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or
complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

Level 3 appeal An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision.
- **If the answer is no, the appeals process *may or may not* be over.**
- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Level 4 appeal The Medicare Appeals Council

(Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Council **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision.
- **If the answer is no, the appeals process *may or may not* be over.**
- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal. It will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Level 5 appeal A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

MAKING COMPLAINTS

SECTION 10 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

Section 10.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

**Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or
complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?
Respecting your privacy	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?• Are you unhappy with our Member Services?• Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?

**Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or
complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

Complaint	Example
Waiting times	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?• Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at the plan? <p>Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room, or getting a prescription.</p>
Cleanliness	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?
Information you get from us	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Did we fail to give you a required notice?• Is our written information hard to understand?

**Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or
complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

Complaint	Example
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	<p>If you have asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• You asked us for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, and we have said no; you can make a complaint.• You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint.• You believe we are not meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical items or services or drugs that were approved; you can make a complaint.• You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.

**Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or
complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

Section 10.2 How to make a complaint

Legal Terms

- A **Complaint** is also called a **grievance**.
- **Making a complaint** is also called **filing a grievance**.
- **Using the process for complaints** is also called **using the process for filing a grievance**.
- A **fast complaint** is also called an **expedited grievance**.

Section 10.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.

- **Usually, calling Member Services is the first step.** If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know.
- **If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in**

Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.

- **You have the right to timely resolution for grievances about services and/or decisions made by the plan.** Grievances are reviewed on an individual basis and we will resolve the grievance as quickly as your health status requires. Expedited or fast grievances will be responded to within 24 hours if the grievance is related to the plan's refusal to expedite a request for medical services which you have not received. We will address other grievance requests within 30 days after receiving your complaint. We may extend the time frame by up to 14 days if you ask for the extension, or if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest. If you ask for a written response we will respond in writing, if you file a written complaint (grievance), or if your complaint is related to quality of care, we will respond to you in writing.
- The **deadline** for making a complaint is 60 calendar days from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- **If possible, we will answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- **Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- **If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we will automatically give you a fast complaint.** If you have a fast complaint, it means we will give you **an answer within 24 hours.**
- **If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

**Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or
complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

**Section 10.4 You can also make complaints about
quality of care to the Quality
Improvement Organization**

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

- **You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.** The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Or

- **You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.**

**Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or
complaint (coverage decisions, appeals,
complaints)**

**Section 10.5 You can also tell Medicare about your
complaint**

You can submit a complaint about KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to

www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.

You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227).

TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

CHAPTER 10:
*Ending your membership in
the plan*

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 1 Introduction to ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and prescription drugs and you will continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

<h4>Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period</h4>
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You can end your membership in our plan during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the **Annual Open Enrollment Period**). During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.

- **The Annual Enrollment Period** is from **October 15 to December 7**.
- **Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year.** If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
 - Another Medicare health plan, with or without prescription drug coverage,
 - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan,
 - – *or* – Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

- If you choose this option, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 or more days in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

- **Your membership will end in our plan** when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

<p>Section 2.2 You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period</p>
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You have the opportunity to make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period**.

- **The annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** is from January 1 to March 31 and also for new Medicare beneficiaries who are enrolled in an MA plan, from the month of entitlement to Part A and Part B until the last day of the 3rd month of entitlement.

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

- **During the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** you can:
 - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
 - Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time.
- **Your membership will end** on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

<p>Section 2.3 In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period</p>

In certain situations, members of KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period if any of the following situations apply to you. These are just examples; for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov):

- Usually, when you have moved
- If you have Medicaid
- If you are eligible for “Extra Help” with paying for your Medicare prescriptions
- If we violate our contract with you
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital

Note: If you’re in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Chapter 5, Section 10 tells you more about drug management programs.

The enrollment time periods vary depending on your situation.

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without prescription drug coverage,
- Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan,
- – *or* – Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

If you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Section 2.4 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

If you have any questions about ending your membership you can:

- **Call Member Services.**
- Find the information in the *Medicare & You 2025* handbook.
- Contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Another Medicare health plan.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Enroll in the new Medicare health plan.• You will automatically be disenrolled from KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) when your new plan's coverage begins.
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Original Medicare <i>with</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan.• You will automatically be disenrolled from KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) when your new plan's coverage begins.

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

If you would like to switch from our plan to:

This is what you should do:

- Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

- **Send us a written request to disenroll.** Contact Member Services if you need more information on how to do this.
- You can also contact **Medicare**, at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You will be disenrolled from KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items, services and drugs through our plan

Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage begins, you must continue to get your medical services, items and prescription drugs through our plan.

- **Continue to use our network providers to receive medical care.**
- **Continue to use our network pharmacies *or mail order* to get your prescriptions filled.**
- **If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will be covered by our plan until you are discharged (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).**

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

**SECTION 5 KelseyCare Advantage Freedom
(HMO-POS) must end your
membership in the plan in certain
situations**

**Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in
the plan?**

KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
- If you move or take a long trip, call Member Services to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

- If you lie or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
 - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
- If you are required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income and you do not pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan and you will lose prescription drug coverage.

Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership call Member Services.

Section 5.2 We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS) is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 5.3 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

CHAPTER 11:

Legal notices

Chapter 11 Legal notices

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

SECTION 2 Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding,

Chapter 11 Legal notices

and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at <https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html>.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS), as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary

Chapter 11 Legal notices

exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

CHAPTER 12:
*Definitions of important
words*

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Allowed Amount – The maximum amount the plan will pay providers for covered services or supplies.

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Annual Enrollment Period – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan’s allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of KelseyCare Advantage Freedom (HMO-POS), you only have to pay our plan’s cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to **balance bill** or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit Period – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you have not received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

Biological Product – A prescription drug that is made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and cannot be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. (See also “**Original Biological Product**” and “**Biosimilar.**”)

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Biosimilar – A biological product that is very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars are as safe and effective as the original biological product. Some biosimilars may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription. (See “**Interchangeable Biosimilar.**”)

Brand Name Drug – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

Catastrophic Coverage Stage – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit that begins when you (or other qualified parties on your behalf) have spent \$2,000 for Part D covered drugs during the covered year. During this payment stage, the plan pays the full cost for your covered Part D drugs. You may have cost sharing for excluded drugs that are covered under our enhanced benefit.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Chronic-Care Special Needs Plan – C-SNPs are SNPs that restrict enrollment to MA eligible individuals who have one or more severe or disabling chronic conditions, as defined under 42 CFR 422.2, including restricting enrollment based on the multiple commonly co-morbid and clinically linked condition groupings specified in 42 CFR 422.4(a)(1)(iv).

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs after you pay any deductibles.

Complaint – The formal name for making a complaint is **filing a grievance**. The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Copayment (or copay) – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor’s visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

Cost Sharing – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed copayment amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or (3) any coinsurance amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug, that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Cost-Sharing Tier – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

Coverage Determination – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn't covered under your plan, that isn't a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called **coverage decisions** in this document.

Covered Drugs – The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

Covered Services – The term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who do not have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn’t pay for custodial care.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Daily cost-sharing rate – A daily cost-sharing rate may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month’s supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month’s supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month’s supply in your plan is 30 days, then your daily cost-sharing rate is \$1 per day.

Deductible – The amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan pays.

Disenroll or Disenrollment – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

Dispensing Fee – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription, such as the pharmacist’s time to prepare and package the prescription.

Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP) – D-SNPs enroll individuals who are entitled to both Medicare (Title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (Title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the individual’s eligibility.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include: walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: 1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure

Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments or riders which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Exception – A type of coverage decision that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on our formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at a lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also request an exception if our plan requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, if our plan requires a prior authorization for a drug and you want us to waive the criteria restriction, or if our plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

“Extra Help” – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Generic Drug – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a generic drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

Grievance – A type of complaint you make about our plan, providers, or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

Home Health Aide – A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

Hospice – A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums, you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.

Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)

– If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

Initial Coverage Stage – This is the stage before your out-of-pocket costs for the year have reached the out-of-pocket threshold amount.

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Institutional Special Needs Plan (SNP) – A plan that enrolls eligible individuals who continuously reside or are expected to continuously reside for 90 days or longer in a long-term care (LTC) facility. These facilities may include a skilled nursing facility (SNF), nursing facility (NF), (SNF/NF), an Intermediate Care Facility for Individuals with Intellectual Disabilities (ICF/IID), an inpatient psychiatric facility, and/or facilities approved by CMS that furnishes similar long-term, health care services that are covered under Medicare Part A, Medicare Part B, or Medicaid; and whose residents have similar needs and health care status to the other named facility types. An institutional Special Needs Plan must have a contractual arrangement with (or own and operate) the specific LTC facility(ies).

Institutional Equivalent Special Needs Plan (SNP) – A plan that enrolls eligible individuals living in the community but requiring an institutional level of care based on the State assessment. The assessment must be performed using the same respective State level of care assessment tool and administered by an entity other than the organization offering the plan. This type of Special Needs Plan may restrict enrollment to individuals that reside in a contracted assisted living facility (ALF) if necessary to ensure uniform delivery of specialized care.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Interchangeable Biosimilar – A biosimilar that may be used as a substitute for an original biosimilar product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription because it meets additional requirements related to the potential for automatic substitution. Automatic substitution at the pharmacy is subject to state law.

List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or Drug List) – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) – See “**Extra Help.**”

Manufacturer Discount Program – A program under which drug manufacturers pay a portion of the plan’s full cost for covered Part D brand name drugs and biologics. Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and drug manufacturers.

Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most that you pay out of pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for your Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and prescription drugs do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Medically Accepted Indication – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information system.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period – The time period from January 1 to March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be i) an HMO, ii) a PPO, iii) a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or iv) a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill *gaps* in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member) – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Member Services – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

Network Pharmacy – A pharmacy that contracts with our plan where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network Provider – Provider is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. **Network providers** have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called **plan providers**.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Organization Determination – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services.

Organization determinations are called coverage decisions in this document.

Original Biological Product – A biological product that has been approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and serves as the comparison for manufacturers making a biosimilar version. It is also called a reference product.

Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-Service Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Out-of-Network Pharmacy – A pharmacy that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – See the definition for cost sharing above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member's out-of-pocket cost requirement.

Out-of-Pocket Threshold – The maximum amount you pay out of pocket for Part D drugs.

Part C – see Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Part D Drugs – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. Certain categories of drugs have been excluded as covered Part D drugs by Congress. Certain categories of Part D drugs must be covered by every plan.

Part D Late Enrollment Penalty – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more after you are first eligible to join a Part D plan.

Point-of-Service (POS) – Point-of-Service means you can use providers outside the plan's network for an additional cost. (See Chapter 3, Section 2. for information about using the Point-of-Service option.)

Preferred Cost Sharing – Preferred cost sharing means lower cost sharing for certain covered Part D drugs at certain network pharmacies.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Prescription Drug Benefit Manager – A company that manages prescription drug benefits on behalf of the plan, including the processing and payment of drug claims.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Primary Care Provider (PCP) – The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider.

Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get services or certain drugs. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary and our criteria is posted on our website.

Prosthetics and Orthotics – Medical devices including, but are not limited to: arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

Quantity Limits – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

“Real-Time Benefit Tool” – A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific formulary and benefit information. This includes cost-sharing amounts, alternative formulary medications that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (Prior Authorization, Step Therapy, Quantity Limits) that apply to alternative medications.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Service Area – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it’s also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan’s service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you are getting “Extra Help” with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Standard Cost Sharing – Standard cost sharing is cost sharing other than preferred cost sharing offered at a network pharmacy.

Step Therapy – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Chapter 12 Definitions of important words

Urgently Needed Services – A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that is not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan, or it is unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to obtain this service from network providers with whom the plan contracts. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, are not considered urgently needed even if you are outside the service area of the plan or the plan network is temporarily unavailable.

NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Language Assistance Services and Alternate Formats

This information is available in other formats like large print. To ask for another format, please call (713) 442-2273.

ATTENTION: If you speak English, language assistance services, free of charge, are available to you. Please call (713) 442-2273.

ATENCIÓN: Si habla **español (Spanish)**, hay servicios de asistencia de idiomas, sin cargo, a su disposición. Llame al (713) 442-2273.

請注意：如果您說中文 (**Chinese**)，我們免費為您提供語言協助服務。請致電：(713) 442-2273。

XIN LƯU Ý: Nếu quý vị nói tiếng **Việt (Vietnamese)**, quý vị sẽ được cung cấp dịch vụ trợ giúp về ngôn ngữ miễn phí. Vui lòng gọi (713) 442-2273.

알림: **한국어(Korean)**를 사용하시는 경우 언어 지원 서비스를 무료로 이용하실 수 있습니다. (713) 442-2273 번으로 전화하십시오.

PAUNAWA: Kung nagsasalita ka ng **Tagalog (Tagalog)**, may makukuha kang mga libreng serbisyo ng tulong sa wika. Mangyaring tumawag sa (713) 442-2273.

ВНИМАНИЕ: бесплатные услуги перевода доступны для людей, чей родной язык является **русском (Russian)**. Позвоните по номеру (713) 442-2273.

(713) 442-2273

تنبيه: إذا كنت تتحدث **العربية (Arabic)**، فإن خدمات المساعدة اللغوية المجانية متاحة لك. الرجاء الاتصال بـ

ATANSYON: Si w pale **Kreyòl ayisyen (Haitian Creole)**, ou kapab benefisye sèvis ki gratis pou ede w nan lang pa w. Tanpri rele nan (713) 442-2273.

ATTENTION: Si vous parlez **français (French)**, des services d'aide linguistique vous sont proposés gratuitement. Veuillez appeler le (713) 442-2273.

UWAGA: Jeżeli mówisz po **polsku (Polish)**, udostępniłmy darmowe usługi tłumacza. Prosimy zadzwonić pod numer (713) 442-2273.

ATENÇÃO: Se você fala **português (Portuguese)**, contate o serviço de assistência de idiomas gratuito. Ligue para (713) 442-2273.

ATTENZIONE: in caso la lingua parlata sia l'**italiano (Italian)**, sono disponibili servizi di assistenza linguistica gratuiti. Si prega di chiamare il numero (713) 442-2273.

ACHTUNG: Falls Sie **Deutsch (German)** sprechen, stehen Ihnen kostenlos sprachliche Hilfsdienstleistungen zur Verfügung. Rufen Sie (713) 442-2273 an.

注意事項：日本語 (**Japanese**)

を話される場合、無料の言語支援サービスをご利用いただけます。(713) 442-2273 にお電話ください。

توجه: اگر زبان شما فارسی (**Farsi**) است، خدمات امداد زبانی به طور رایگان در اختیار شما می باشد.
(713) 442-2273 تماس بگیرید.

कृपा ध्यान दें: यदि आप **हिंदी (Hindi)** भाषी हैं तो आपके लिए भाषा सहायता सेवाएं निःशुल्क उपलब्ध हैं। कृपा पर काल करें (713) 442-2273.

CEEB TOOM: Yog koj hais Lus **Hmoob (Hmong)**, muaj kev pab txhais lus pub dawb rau koj. Thov hu rau (713) 442-2273.

ចំណាប់អារម្មណ៍: បើសិនអ្នកនិយាយភាសាខ្មែរ (**Khmer**) សេវាជំនួយភាសាដោយឥតគិតថ្លៃ គឺមានសំរាប់អ្នក។ សូមទូរស័ព្ទ ទៅលេខ (713) 442-2273.

PAKDAAR: Nu saritaem ti **Ilocano (Ilocano)**, ti serbisyo para ti baddang ti lengguahe nga awanan bayadna, ket sidadaan para kenyam. Maidawat nga awagan iti (713) 442-2273.

DÍÍ BAA'ÁKONÍNÍZIN: **Diné (Navajo)** bizaad bee yáníłti'go, saad bee áka'anída'awo'ígíí, t'áá jíík'eh, bee ná'ahóót'i'. T'áá shoodí kohjí' (713) 442-2273 hodíilnih.

OGOW: Haddii aad ku hadasho **Soomaali (Somali)**, adeegyada taageerada luqadda, oo bilaash ah, ayaad heli kartaa. Fadlan wac (713) 442-2273.

Nondiscrimination Notice and Access to Communication Services

Kelsey-Seybold and Kelsey-Seybold affiliated entities do not discriminate on the basis of sex, age, race, color, national origin, or disability.

Free services are available to help you communicate with us. Such as, letters in other languages, or in other formats like large print. Or, you can ask for an interpreter. To ask for help, please call (713) 442-2273, TTY 711.

If you think you weren't treated fairly because of your sex, age, race, color, national origin, or disability, you can send a complaint to:

Optum Civil Rights Coordinator
11000 Optum Circle
Eden Prairie, MN 55344
Fax: 855-351-5495
Email:

Optum_Civil_Rights@Optum.com

If you need help with your complaint, please call (713) 442-2273, TTY 711. You must send the complaint within 60 days of when you found out about the issue.

You can also file a complaint with the U.S. Dept. of Health and Human services.

Online <https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf>

Complaint forms are available at
<http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html>.

Phone: Toll-free **1-800-368-1019, 800-537-7697** (TDD)

Mail: U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services. 200
Independence Avenue, SW Room 509F, HHH Building
Washington, D.C. 20201

Medical Information Privacy Notice

Effective May 8, 2023

We¹ are required by law to protect the privacy of your health information. We are also required to send you this notice, which explains how we may use information about you and when we can give out or "disclose" that information to others. You also have rights regarding your health information that are described in this notice. We are required by law to abide by the terms of this notice.

The terms "information" or "health information" in this notice include any information we maintain that reasonably can be used to identify you and that relates to your physical or mental health condition, the provision of health care to you, or the payment for such health care. We will comply with the requirements of applicable privacy laws related to notifying you in the event of a breach of your health information.

We have the right to change our privacy practices and the terms of this notice. If we make a material change to our privacy practices, we will provide to you, in our next annual distribution, either a revised notice or information about the material change and how to obtain a revised notice. We will provide you with this information either by direct mail or electronically, in accordance with applicable law. In all cases, if we maintain a website for your

particular health plan, we will post the revised notice on your health plan website, www.kelseycareadvantage.com. We reserve the right to make any revised or changed notice effective for information we already have and for information that we receive in the future.

UnitedHealth Group collects and maintains oral, written and electronic information to administer our business and to provide products, services and information of importance to our enrollees. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural security safeguards in the handling and maintenance of our enrollees' information, in accordance with applicable state and federal standards, to protect against risks such as loss, destruction or misuse.

How We Collect, Use, and Disclose Information

We collect, use, and disclose your health information to provide that information:

- To you or someone who has the legal right to act for you (your personal representative) in order to administer your rights as described in this notice; and
- To the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, if necessary, to make sure your privacy is protected.

We have the right to collect, use, and disclose health information for your treatment, to pay for your health care

and to operate our business. For example, we may collect, use and disclose your health information:

- **For Payment** of premiums due us, to determine your coverage, and to process claims for health care services you receive, including for subrogation (when permitted by applicable law) or coordination of other benefits you may have. For example, we may tell a doctor whether you are eligible for coverage and what percentage of the bill may be covered.
- **For Treatment.** We may collect, use, and disclose health information to aid in your treatment or the coordination of your care. For example, we may collect information from, or disclose information to, your physicians or hospitals to help them provide medical care to you.
- **For Health Care Operations.** We may collect, use, and disclose health information as necessary to operate and manage our business activities related to providing and managing your health care coverage. For example, we might talk to your physician to suggest a disease management or wellness program that could help improve your health or we may analyze data to determine how we can improve our services. We may also de-identify health information in accordance with applicable laws. After that information is de-identified,

the information is no longer subject to this notice and we may use the information for any lawful purpose.

- **To Provide You Information on Health-Related Programs or Products** such as alternative medical treatments and programs or about health-related products and services, subject to limits imposed by law.
- **For Plan Sponsors.** If your coverage is through an employer sponsored group health plan, we may share summary health information and enrollment and disenrollment information with the plan sponsor. In addition, we may share other health information with the plan sponsor for plan administration purposes if the plan sponsor agrees to special restrictions on its use and disclosure of the information in accordance with federal law.
- **For Underwriting Purposes.** We may collect, use, and disclose your health information for underwriting purposes; however, we will not use or disclose your genetic information for such purposes.
- **For Reminders.** We may collect, use, and disclose health information to send you reminders about your benefits or care, such as appointment reminders with providers who provide medical care to you.

- **For Communications to You.** We may communicate, electronically or via telephone, these treatment, payment or health care operation messages using telephone numbers or email addresses you provide to us.

We may collect, use, and disclose your health information for the following purposes under limited circumstances:

- **As Required by Law.** We may disclose information when required to do so by law.
- **To Persons Involved with Your Care.** We may collect, use, and disclose your health information to a person involved in your care or who helps pay for your care, such as a family member, when you are incapacitated or in an emergency, or when you agree or fail to object when given the opportunity. If you are unavailable or unable to object, we will use our best judgment to decide if the disclosure is in your best interests. Special rules apply regarding when we may disclose health information to family members and others involved in a deceased individual's care. We may disclose health information to any persons involved, prior to the death, in the care or payment for care of a deceased individual, unless we are aware that doing so would be

inconsistent with a preference previously expressed by the deceased.

- **For Public Health Activities** such as reporting or preventing disease outbreaks to a public health authority.
- **For Reporting Victims of Abuse, Neglect or Domestic Violence** to government authorities that are authorized by law to receive such information, including a social service or protective service agency.
- **For Health Oversight Activities** to a health oversight agency for activities authorized by law, such as licensure, governmental audits and fraud and abuse investigations.
- **For Judicial or Administrative Proceedings** such as in response to a court order, search warrant or subpoena.
- **For Law Enforcement Purposes.** We may disclose your health information to a law enforcement official for purposes such as providing limited information to locate a missing person or report a crime.

- **To Avoid a Serious Threat to Health or Safety** to you, another person, or the public, by, for example, disclosing information to public health agencies or law enforcement authorities, or in the event of an emergency or natural disaster.
- **For Specialized Government Functions** such as military and veteran activities, national security and intelligence activities, and the protective services for the President and others.
- **For Workers' Compensation** as authorized by, or to the extent necessary to comply with, state workers compensation laws that govern job-related injuries or illness.
- **For Research Purposes** such as research related to the evaluation of certain treatments or the prevention of disease or disability, if the research study meets federal privacy law requirements.
- **To Provide Information Regarding Decedents.** We may disclose information to a coroner or medical examiner to identify a deceased person, determine a cause of death, or as authorized by law. We may also disclose information to funeral directors as necessary to carry out their duties.

- **For Organ Procurement Purposes.** We may collect, use, and disclose information to entities that handle procurement, banking or transplantation of organs, eyes or tissue to facilitate donation and transplantation.
- **To Correctional Institutions or Law Enforcement Officials** if you are an inmate of a correctional institution or under the custody of a law enforcement official, but only if necessary (1) for the institution to provide you with health care; (2) to protect your health and safety or the health and safety of others; or (3) for the safety and security of the correctional institution.
- **To Business Associates** that perform functions on our behalf or provide us with services if the information is necessary for such functions or services. Our business associates are required, under contract with us and pursuant to federal law, to protect the privacy of your information and are not allowed to collect, use, and disclose any information other than as specified in our contract and as permitted by federal law.
- **Additional Restrictions on Use and Disclosure.** Certain federal and state laws may require special privacy protections that restrict the use and disclosure of certain health information, including highly confidential

information about you. Such laws may protect the following types of information:

1. Alcohol and Substance Abuse
2. Biometric Information
3. Child or Adult Abuse or Neglect, including Sexual Assault
4. Communicable Diseases
5. Genetic Information
6. HIV/AIDS
7. Mental Health
8. Minors' Information
9. Prescriptions
10. Reproductive Health
11. Sexually Transmitted Diseases

If a use or disclosure of health information described above in this notice is prohibited or materially limited by other laws that apply to us, it is our intent to meet the requirements of the more stringent law.

Except for uses and disclosures described and limited as set forth in this notice, we will use and disclose your health information only with a written authorization from you. This includes, except for limited circumstances allowed by federal privacy law, not using or disclosing psychotherapy notes about you, selling your health information to others, or using or disclosing your health information for certain

promotional communications that are prohibited marketing communications under federal law, without your written authorization. Once you give us authorization to release your health information, we cannot guarantee that the recipient to whom the information is provided will not disclose the information. You may take back or "revoke" your written authorization at any time in writing, except if we have already acted based on your authorization. To find out where to mail your written authorization and how to revoke an authorization, contact the phone number listed on your health plan ID card.

What Are Your Rights

The following are your rights with respect to your health information:

- **You have the right to ask to restrict** uses or disclosures of your information for treatment, payment, or health care operations. You also have the right to ask to restrict disclosures to family members or to others who are involved in your health care or payment for your health care. We may also have policies on dependent access that authorize your dependents to request certain restrictions. **Please note that while we will try to honor your request and will permit requests consistent with our policies, we are not required to agree to any restriction.**

- **You have the right to ask to receive confidential communications** of information in a different manner or at a different place (for example, by sending information to a P.O. Box instead of your home address). We will accommodate reasonable requests in accordance with applicable state and federal law. In certain circumstances, we will accept your verbal request to receive confidential communications, however; we may also require you confirm your request in writing. In addition, any requests to modify or cancel a previous confidential communication request must be made in writing. Mail your request to the address listed below.
- **You have the right to see and obtain a copy of** certain health information we maintain about you such as claims and case or medical management records. If we maintain your health information electronically, you will have the right to request that we send a copy of your health information in an electronic format to you. You can also request that we provide a copy of your information to a third party that you identify. In some cases, you may receive a summary of this health information. You must make a written request to inspect and copy your health information or have your information sent to a third party. Mail your request to the address listed below. In certain limited circumstances, we may deny your request to inspect and copy your

health information. If we deny your request, you may have the right to have the denial reviewed. We may charge a reasonable fee for any copies.

- **You have the right to ask to amend** certain health information we maintain about you such as claims and case or medical management records, if you believe the health information about you is wrong or incomplete. Your request must be in writing and provide the reasons for the requested amendment. Mail your request to the address listed below. If we deny your request, you may have a statement of your disagreement added to your health information.
- **You have the right to receive an accounting** of certain disclosures of your information made by us during the six years prior to your request. This accounting will not include disclosures of information made: (i) for treatment, payment, and health care operations purposes; (ii) to you or pursuant to your authorization; and (iii) to correctional institutions or law enforcement officials; and (iv) other disclosures for which federal law does not require us to provide an accounting.
- **You have the right to a paper copy of this notice.** You may ask for a copy of this notice at any time. Even

if you have agreed to receive this notice electronically, you are still entitled to a paper copy of this notice. If we maintain a website, we will post a copy of the revised notice on our website. You may also obtain a copy of this notice on your website, www.kelseycareadvantage.com.

- **You have the right to make a written request that we correct or amend** your personal information.

Depending on your state of domicile, you may have the right to request deletion of your personal information. If we are unable to honor your request, we will notify you of our decision. If we deny your request, you have the right to submit to us a written statement of the reasons for your disagreement with our assessment of the disputed information and what you consider to be the correct information. We will make your statement accessible to parties reviewing the information in dispute.

Exercising Your Rights

- **Contacting your Health Plan.** If you have any questions about this notice or want information about exercising your rights, **please call the toll-free member phone number on your health plan ID card or you may contact 1-866-535-8343.**

- **Submitting a Written Request.** You can mail your written requests to exercise any of your rights, including modifying or cancelling a confidential communication, requesting copies of your records, or requesting amendments to your record, to us at the following address:

Privacy Administrator
KS Plan Administrators LLC
11511 Shadow Creek Parkway
Pearland, TX 77584

- **Timing.** We will respond to your telephonic or written request within 30 business days of receipt.
- **Filing a Complaint.** If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint with us at the address listed above.

You may also notify the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services of your complaint. We will not take any action against you for filing a complaint.

¹This Medical Information Notice of Privacy Practices applies to the following health plans that are affiliated with

Optum: KS Plan Administrators, LLC and KelseyCare Administrators, LLC.

Financial Information Privacy Notice

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW FINANCIAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Effective January 1, 2023

We³ are committed to maintaining the confidentiality of your personal financial information. For the purposes of this notice, “personal financial information” means information about an enrollee or an applicant for health care coverage that identifies the individual, is not generally publicly available, and is collected from the individual or is obtained in connection with providing health care coverage to the individual.

Information We Collect

Depending upon the product or service you have with us, we may collect personal financial information about you from the following sources:

- Information we receive from you on applications or other forms, such as name, address, age, medical information and Social Security number;
- Information about your transactions with us, our affiliates or others, such as premium payment and claims history; and
- Information from a consumer reporting agency.

Disclosure of Information

We do not disclose personal financial information about our enrollees or former enrollees to any third party, except as required or permitted by law. For example, in the course of our general business practices, we may, as permitted by law, disclose any of the personal financial information that we collect about you, without your authorization, to the following types of institutions:

- To our corporate affiliates, which include financial service providers, such as other insurers, and non-financial companies, such as data processors;
- To nonaffiliated companies for our everyday business purposes, such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), or respond to court orders and legal investigations; and
- To nonaffiliated companies that perform services for us, including sending promotional communications on our behalf.

Confidentiality and Security

We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards, in accordance with applicable state and federal standards, to protect your personal financial information against risks such as loss, destruction or misuse. These measures include computer safeguards, secured files and buildings, and restrictions on who may access your personal financial information.

Questions About this Notice

If you have any questions about this notice, please **call Kelsey Care Advantage at 1-866-535-8343.**

³ For purposes of this Financial Information Privacy Notice, “we” or “us” refers to the entities listed in footnote 1, beginning on the sixth page of the Health Plan Notices of Privacy Practices, plus the following UnitedHealthcare affiliates: ACN Group of California, Inc.; AmeriChoice Corporation; Benefitter Insurance Solutions, Inc.; Claims Management Systems, Inc.; Dental Benefit Providers, Inc.; Ear Professional International Corporation; Excelsior Insurance Brokerage, Inc.; gethealthinsurance.com Agency, Inc.; Golden Outlook, Inc.; Golden Rule Insurance Company; HealthMarkets Insurance Agency; Healthplex of CT, Inc.; Healthplex of ME, Inc.; Healthplex of NC, Inc.; Healthplex, Inc.; HealthSCOPE Benefits, Inc.; International Healthcare Services, Inc.; Level2 Health IPA, LLC; Level2 Health Management, LLC; Life Print Health, Inc.; Managed Physical Network, Inc.; Optum Care Networks, Inc.; Optum Global Solutions (India) Private Limited; OptumHealth Care Solutions, LLC; Oxford Benefit

Management, Inc.; Oxford Health Plans LLC; Physician Alliance of the Rockies, LLC; POMCO Network, Inc.; POMCO, Inc.; Real Appeal, LLC; Solstice Administrators of Alabama, Inc.; Solstice Administrators of Arizona, Inc.; Solstice Administrators of Missouri, Inc.; Solstice Administrators of North Carolina, Inc.; Solstice Administrators of Texas, Inc.; Solstice Administrators, Inc.; Solstice Benefit Services, Inc.; Solstice of Minnesota, Inc.; Solstice of New York, Inc.; Spectera, Inc.; Three Rivers Holding, Inc.; UHIC Holdings, Inc.; UMR, Inc.; United Behavioral Health; United Behavioral Health of New York I.P.A., Inc.; UnitedHealthcare, Inc.; United HealthCare Services, Inc.; UnitedHealth Advisors, LLC; UnitedHealthcare Service LLC; Urgent Care MSO, LLC; USHEALTH Administrators, LLC; USHEALTH Group, Inc.; and Vivify Health, Inc. This Financial Information Privacy Notice only applies where required by law. Specifically, it does not apply to (1) health care insurance products offered in Nevada by Health Plan of Nevada, Inc. and Sierra Health and Life Insurance Company, Inc.; or (2) other UnitedHealth Group health plans in states that provide exceptions for HIPAA covered entities or health insurance products. This list of health plans is complete as of the effective date of this notice.

METHOD	KelseyCare Advantage Member Services - Contact Information
CALL	1-866-535-8343 Calls to this number are free. Hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used weekends, after hours and on federal holidays. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time, seven days a week, from October 1 – March 31. From April 1 – September 30, Monday through Friday, hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Messaging service used weekends, after hours and on federal holidays.
FAX	713-442-5450
WRITE	KelseyCare Advantage ATTN: Member Services P.O. Box 841569 Pearland, TX 77584-9832
WEBSITE	www.KelseyCareAdvantage.com

Health Information Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP)

Health Information Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) is a state program that gets money from the Federal Government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

METHOD	Health Information Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) (Texas' SHIP) - Contact Information
CALL	1-800-252-9240
TTY	1-800-735-2989 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	701 West 51st Street MC: W275 Austin, TX 78751
WEBSITE	https://hhs.texas.gov/services/health/medicare

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